# History of the Steveston **Buddhist Temple**



# **HISTORY OF** THE STEVESTON BUDDHIST **TEMPLE** 1928 - 2011



History of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. Compiled by members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple.

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On this occasion of the publishing of the I believe there are two main reasons for History of the Steveston Buddhist Temple, I examining the history of an organization. The first am humbled to have been asked to write this is to reminisce and rekindle fond memories of the introductory article. In 2003, the Steveston Buddhist past and, perhaps just as important, to learn from it Temple celebrated the 75<sup>th</sup> Anniversary since its so that we may obtain guidance on how to proceed inception. In commemorating 75 years in existence, in the future. In the case of the Steveston Buddhist the temple undertook several projects including the Temple, the examination of the history and building of the Nokotsudo Columbarium and the development of the temple would be incomplete formation of the History Committee, with the goal without a review of the Buddhist principles which of gathering information and putting it all together lay the foundation by which the temple has existed in a form of a history book honoring the memories over eighty years. of the pioneers of this temple. It is with great joy The introductory passage for this article is and relief that the dedication and perseverance known as the Three Treasures or Jewels of Buddhism of the History Committee is finally bearing fruit and they are referred to as such for they tell us what with the publication of this book. May I begin is truly important in life. The Three Treasures of by congratulating all those who were involved in Buddhism are the Buddha, the Dharma, and the seeing this project through to completion. Sangha.

# Message from **Reverend Grant Ikuta** Steveston Buddhist Temple

# The Three Treasures of Buddhism

"I go to the Buddha for Guidance. I go to the Dharma for Guidance. I go to the Sangha for Guidance" (Three Treasures of Buddhism)

being who taught the teachings of Buddhism. to celebrate good times and to gain strength and In examining the rich history of the Steveston support during difficult times. Over the years, Buddhist Temple, first and foremost, we can see the the congregation has developed and changed dedication of the membership towards the Buddha; by establishing themselves as a hub within the as generation after generation, ministers together Steveston Community, not only from a religious with the members have striven to make sure that the standpoint, but as a vital part of the cultural mosaic temple was a place to come to receive the teachings making up the greater community of Steveston. of the Buddha.

Buddha's teaching, is much more than just some the great commitment of the past membership so philosophy, it is the universal truth that an oneness that we may take this opportunity to rededicate exists throughout and that we are all a part of. The our own lives to ensure the continuation of this Dharma gives us guidance by putting our lives wonderful temple for generations to come. into perspective. Again, throughout the history of the temple, this ideal of oneness has been a core honor, I would like to again acknowledge the work principle in creating a harmonious existence.

Finally, the *Sangha* was originally translated as the brotherhood or ordained clergy, is generally recognized today as the Buddhist Community overall. It is in this meaning that we can see the true vibrancy of our temple, as families and friends

The Buddha was of course the historic have gathered at the Steveston Buddhist Temple

The Steveston Buddhist Temple History The *Dharma*, which is translated as the Project gives us a wonderful opportunity to revisit

> Reiterating the feeling of indebtedness and of the History Committee and I hope this will encourage people to recognize the significance of our temple within the community.

> > Sincerely in Gassho

# Message from **President Bud Sakamoto** Steveston Buddhist Temple



The Steveston Buddhist Temple had its The importance of our history is not the beginnings more than one hundred years ago recording of facts, figures and events. It is the when the early pioneers from Japan brought their context of the events and the legacy that have true faith with them. Because of the discrimination of meaning to those who follow the teachings. The the early twentieth century, it was not until 1928 Japanese saying "Okagesama de Arigato - Because that the first temple was built. Their perseverance of you, I am well" is truly the important thought and dedication were the guiding lights that made resulting from this history. Buddhism an acceptable mainstream religion We want to thank the History Committee today. Thanks to the early pioneers and the temple for completing this not-so-easy task of compiling members that came before us, we have a beautiful the history of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. As a temple where we are able to follow the teachings of result of your dedication you leave a lasting legacy. Shinran Shonin.

In Gassho

# Acknowledgements

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This history book was initiated several years ago to gather the photos and stories of our pioneers who were instrumental in building the Steveston Buddhist Temple and a strong Sangha. This book is dedicated to our ancestors who laid the foundation for our temple. We are grateful to Mr. Masuo Hashimoto who had recorded the names of past executives and also the Fujinkai for the names of their past executives.

Shirley Atagi Stacey Chan Masako Fukawa Genevieve Iwata Kuni Ikuta Chizuru Koizumi Rainer Mehl Peggy Nakano Toki Okano Glen Sakamoto Mayumi Takasaki Doc Tomihiro

We are grateful not only for the photographs was done by the committee and by several members Book.

invaluable source for history of Buddhism in Cana- sentation of this history book. da and the Steveston Buddhist Temple in particular.

ful for her help. Much of the editing and checking any errors or omissions in the history book.

The History Book Committee currently consists of Mitts Sakai, Alice Kokubo and Elmer Morishita. Other individuals who have served on the committee include: Rev. Nariyuki Hattori, Rev. Masumi Kikuchi, Rev. Grant Ikuta, Ron Araki, June Ikuta, Doug Masuhara, Larry Ryan, Cathy Sakamoto and John Rennie.

Photographs and stories were collected from many individuals. These people and others who have helped the committee are listed below:

> Aaron Akune Karen Esson Misaye Hamaura Mak Ikuta Jack Kawabata Gillian Masuhara Toshio Murao Konosuke Nishikihama Terry Sakai Chiyoko Sakata Sharon Turner Andy Watanabe

but also for the background stories of the photo- of the Temple. A final review was done by the 18 graphs which added a more personal aspect to the board members. Our sincere thanks for their work photos which were eventually used in the History to ensure that the information was consistent and accurate and that it was presented in an easy to read Bukkyo Tozen, A History of Jodo Shinsu Bud- format. We are thankful to Carl Yokota, who did the dhism in Canada 1905-1995 by Terry Watada was a final editing which improved the content and pre-

A special thanks to Mitsuo Yesaki who pa-The original editing of this book was done by tiently worked with us through numerous revisions Barbara Dymond and the committee is very grate- to create this book. The committee apologizes for

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# **Chronology of the Steveston Buddhist Temple**

1928	First Temple built at 12191 First Avenue
1942	Evacuation
1952	Return to Steveston: Services held at Red Cross Hall
1953	Purchase of former Japanese Kindergarten School on Chatham Street
1956	Registered as a Society
1960	Purchase of five-acre property on Garry Street
1963	Move to new Temple at 4360 Garry Street
1970	Manse built at 4300 Garry Street
1973	Gymnasium addition
1981	Parking lot completed; storage space added
1983	Kitchen addition
1999	Name officially changed from Steveston Buddhist Church to Steveston Buddhist Temple. The words church and temple are used interchangeably in this book.
2003	Columbarium built as 75th Anniversary Project
2008	80 <sup>th</sup> Anniversary Celebrations
2010	750th Memorial Service for Shinran Shonin.
2011	Canada Cares: SBT hosted a 12 hour multi-faith vigil/prayer/chanting to provide support and comfort to those affected by the March 11, 2011 earthquake and tsunami in Japan.

# Chapter 1 THE STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE: HOW IT ALL STARTED

# THE EARLY YEARS

# **Arrival of Japanese Immigrants in** Steveston

in British Columbia in 1877, there was a gradual huge salmon runs along the British Columbia coast villages.

After a few decades, the lonely living This second floor room was called the Bukkyo conditions of Steveston's exclusively male Japanese (Buddhist) Kai. Members such as Fukumatsu society caused them to rethink their goals. Starting Nakano and Tokumatsu Atagi practised scriptures in 1908, the men began to send for their wives or for from *sutra* chanting. When funerals were held, 'picture brides' to start their families. Before long, the *butsudan* was carried piggy-back to the the Japanese community constituted a significant deceased person's home where mourners chanted segment of the population and established various the Amida Sutra. Some Japanese criticized these businesses in Steveston. practices, saying that such conduct would invite more discrimination, and they lobbied to stop it. **First Buddhist Gathering** However, the power of believing in Amida proved The Japanese who came to Canada to take to be stronger and these initial, sometimes violent,

part in the fishing industry required a license. To protests subsided with time. obtain a license, they had to be naturalized citizens. As the number of believers increased. Ho on ko Even after obtaining their naturalization papers, services started, with each member in turn hosting the Japanese were not given full rights as citizens the services in their home. The Bukkyo Kai became of Canada. These discriminatory citizenship laws too small to accommodate all of its members. were not abolished until 1949. The displaced believers longed for the light

Almost all Japanese fishermen had been of the Compassion of Amida and for the delight Buddhist before leaving Japan. They came with Myo of listening to Dharma talks. The Japanese in go (a scroll showing Namo Amida butsu) and Eizo Vancouver had built their long-awaited Buddhist (scrolls with Amida's image) in their breast pockets. temple in October 1905 and had requested a minister The path of believing in Amida Buddha, which to preside over religious matters. The Hongwanji people thought to be supreme, was suppressed but dispatched Reverend Senju Sasaki to the Vancouver their faith persisted. They longed for a Buddhist temple. Steveston residents would go to Vancouver temple to pursue their religion. for funerals and services. They also invited the In October 1907, Mr. Sensuke Muto and minister from Vancouver to conduct services for Mr. Kosaburo Ichino bought a butsudan from them in Steveston.

Tsuda Butsudan Ten (retail store) of Kyoto. The Steveston Buddhist congregation started to meet at Mr. Atagi's store on Moncton Street between First and Second Avenue. As the congregation grew, they After the first Japanese immigrants arrived rented a room on the second floor of the Hepworth Building (drugstore on ground floor) on Moncton migration to Steveston where they dreamed of Street to house the butsudan. (Note: At this time, making their fortunes in the fishing industry so the Steveston Japanese community used a group of they could return to Japan and retire. Stories of kanji (Chinese characters) which was pronounced "Suchibutton" to denote Steveston. The meaning of attracted many men from Japan's small fishing the kanji group is "you have to know the compassion of Amida".)



The first gathering of Buddhists in Steveston was held in Tokumatsu Atagi's general store on Moncton Street. The building is presently occupied by the Redden Net Company. (ca. 1930)

# **From Fishing to Farming**

Canadian Government (Canada was still under to consult the Japanese community about building British rule at that time) initiated a program to a Buddhist church in Steveston. The project was exclude Japanese fishermen from the British unanimously approved and it was decided to Columbia fishing industry. An Order in Council proceed. However, Jiromatsu Yamamoto, head was issued to ensure that fishing licenses for of the Japanese fishermen's group (Benevolent Japanese fishermen would be reduced by 40 percent Association), delivered a strong protest against the in 1923. Furthermore, Japanese boat-pullers were decision to build the church. He argued that, if it also required to hold fishing licenses. Gillnetters proceeded as planned, the movement to expel the at that time were generally operated by two men. Japanese fishermen from the fishing grounds might a fisherman and a boat-puller. Consequently, only gain momentum. Japanese who were naturalized citizens or born in Canada were eligible for boat-puller licenses.

Yosaku Yamashita, Shinya Yoshida, Shigetaro Nakatsuka, Kosaburo Ichino, Tokumatsu Atagi, Around 1922, Caucasian fishermen and the Tsunematsu Atagi and others proposed a meeting

In May 1923, another regulation was issued to prevent Japanese fishermen from obtaining fishing In 1924, a group of eleven people that included licenses to operate purse-seiners. The Canadian

Government enacted regulations reducing the immigration. Reverend Zesei Kawasaki stated that, number of Japanese fishing licenses by 15 percent at the Bussei Renmei gathering on February 28, 1928, in 1924 and 1925. These various regulations were there was strong opposition to the six speakers that designed to exclude Japanese fishermen completely night. Fortunately, the evening event ended without from the British Columbia fishing industry. As the incident. Then, in March 1928, some Japanese situation became desperate, Japanese fishermen people gathered at Tokumatsu Atagi's store, with organized the Amalgamated Association of Reverend Kawasaki of Vancouver leading the Fishermen of B.C. to counter government pressure congregation in the chanting of the Junirai. The to eliminate their livelihood. six or seven women in attendance requested that

Act that gave power to any authority to define Buddhist seed was planted in Steveston. what class or race of persons may be employed in the fishing industry. The Association launched its case against the Department of Fisheries in Church at 1219 First Avenue 1927. The trial ended on February 10, 1928 and their case. The Department of Fisheries initiative to that reason, it was postponed. reduce the number of fishing licenses was derailed while the case was before the courts.

Tadayoshi Kawase, Ryotaro Tanizawa, Gihei was started. Takahashi and others organized an agricultural industry.

# PRE-WAR ERA 1928 – 1942

When the idea to start a Buddhist church was First Avenue was purchased for about \$8,000. The first discussed, there was much opposition from building costs were \$5,000 for the main hall and some Japanese people who thought this would \$3,000 for the youth hall, for a total cost of \$16,000. create anti-Japanese feelings in the white and native In the spring of 1928, a splendid church populations. As previously mentioned, there was building and a Young Buddhists' Hall were finished. already discrimination against Japanese fishermen The hall was later enlarged with a second floor, in the form of license restrictions and reduced which was used as the minister's residence. A one-

The Association hired two lawyers who Reverend Kawasaki return every two months to determined that there was nothing in the Fishery conduct a service for the local Buddhists. Thus, the

# 1928 - Start of the Steveston Buddhist

Discussions about the possibility of building the decision of the Supreme Court of Canada was a Buddhist church in Steveston began about 1924. that the Department of Fisheries did not have the However, because the Japanese fishermen were authority to deny a fishing license to fishermen contending with government policies prohibiting who were British subjects. The Attorney General them from fishing, the church debate was relegated of Canada immediately appealed the decision to the to second place. They had serious problems on their Privy Council of Great Britain. The Privy Council's hands and, as they agonizingly tried to resolve them, verdict on October 29, 1929 upheld the Supreme it was clear that the fishermen could not afford to Court decision and the Japanese fishermen won pursue the building of the church at that time. For

The project did not get underway until the spring of 1927. As there were no further license The many Japanese who were forced out reductions and the anticipated outcome of the of the fishing industry as a result of government British Privy Council was favourable, the Buddhists policies had to find employment in other industries. started to proceed with the building of the church. One alternative was farming, so Teiji Kobayashi, A managing staff was appointed and a building fund

At that time, Steveston was divided into eleven association in 1927. This association purchased districts and fundraisers were selected for each 430 acres of farmland and sold small parcels of district to campaign for funds. The total budgeted land to Japanese fishermen driven out of the fishing building expenses were \$8,000. Seijiro Koba, a master carpenter from Ocean Falls, was contracted to build the temple, assisted by Tsunematsu Atagi and others with carpentry skills. The property on



Members of the Seinenkai (Young Men's Society) taken on steps of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. Reverend Mohri seated third from left in front row. (1935)

Steveston Buddhist Church was finally completed records have been lost. However, it is known that and was officially dedicated on September 14, 1928. the following persons served as president of the

Reverend Tada of Vancouver. The Steveston church Unosuke Hamade, Shigetaro Nishi, Heizaburo had a congregation of about 200 families; the first Yamamoto. minister was Reverend Yosaku Yamashita, followed by Reverend Masatsugu Mohri and Reverend 1928. This organization was later renamed Bukkyo Toshio Katatsu. The first president was Jiromatsu Fujinkai (Buddhist Women's Society) in 1932 and Atode, followed by Kuranosuke Hashimoto.

the initial proposal to build the church. In 1929, by the church with help from the *Fujinkai*. Eight the membership fee was \$1 per year but was ladies volunteered as teachers and helped with later increased to \$2. Many donations were also the administration of the school. There were 160 received from the Japanese community in general. Sunday School students. The Steveston church had to request ministers from give *Dharma* talks.

year terms. The detailed order of their two-year athletic and cultural activities. They were also

storey annex hall was also built. The long-awaited appointments is uncertain because some of the Services were held under the guidance of board: Kuranosuke Hashimoto, Yosaku Yamashita,

An affiliated group, Oyoriko, was started in had about 160 members at that time. A Sunday Some of the directors were also involved in School was also started. This was operated mainly

The Young Buddhist Men's Society (Bukkyo Vancouver or other temples to perform services and Seinenkai) was formed with 60 members and an inauguration ceremony was held in January 1932. Directors at this time generally served two- This group organized lectures, Dharma study and involved in the community, with sixty young men volunteering as a fire brigade with the local fire department. At that time, Steveston was frequently ravaged by fires and the fire department was inadequate, so the efforts of the Seinenkai were greatly appreciated by the townspeople.

In November 1929, the congregation had started the Bukkyo Shojokai (Buddhist Young Women's Society), a group for girls aged 14 and up, with 65 members initially. At meetings, they memorized scriptures and learned various handicrafts. This group held oratorical contests, Interior of the First Avenue Steveston Buddhist Temple discussions and debates with other youth groups from Vancouver and Seattle.

The powerful oratories of the youth were society. They claimed that, under the compassionate Yoshida (Tsuji), Kazue Mori (Sakata). light of Amida, emphasizing fairness and purifying Canadian society. A monthly newsletter, "Gvo these organizations evolved and matured. *Sho*", was published.



long awaited by

A census conducted in 1934 showed the Shojokai in many of Japanese population in Steveston to be 1,929, these activities. Reverend Masatsugu Mohri (ca. In 1936, the of which 747 were born in Japan and 1,182 were 1935) Shojokai born in Canada. There were 515 males and 11 Bukkyo was renamed Bukkyo Joshi Seinenkai (Buddhist females with jobs and 1,141 unemployed persons Young Women's Society). This new group added an who were counted as family dependents. At this oratory division and convened many gatherings that time, many second generation young people were resulted in heated debates among the young women. of marriageable age. However, there were few They also organized bazaars at every opportunity, weddings because many young people did not have using the income from these activities for their jobs. Reverend Masatsugu Mohri returned to Japan operating fund. Although the order is uncertain, the following young ladies were elected president in 1938 and was replaced by Reverend Toshio of the society: Matsu Nishi (Takasaki), Ayako Ikari Katatsu who stayed until the evacuation in 1942.



reverend's residence. From left: Mrs. Ei Sakai, Mrs. Katatsu, Mrs. Mume Sakiyama and Misono Katatsu (child in middle). (ca. 1940)

regarded as especially remarkable in Japanese (Yamamoto), Kimiko Sakai (Sugimoto), Kiyoko

There were considerable developments in the themselves, they had to take a big step out into activities of the church and its affiliated societies as

The year after Reverend Mohri's arrival, he June 5, 1933 marked the arrival of Reverend presided over 218 Nenki hoyo (annual memorial day Masatsugu Mohri, services), 8 Sohgi (funerals) and 1 Konrei (wedding). who was assigned as In 1936, he presided over 183 Nenki hoyo, 13 Sohgi the resident minister and 7 Konrei. In 1938, he participated in over 204 of the Steveston Nenki hoyo, 7 Sohgi and 6 Konrei. These figures Buddhist Church. include only services held by individuals and do not It was an event include services held by various organizations.

To fund church operations, many individuals all members of the made donations during three big services held every church. Mrs. Mohri, year, eliminating the need to ask for additional wife of the minister, donations. Fees for memorials, weddings, funerals guided the Bukkyo and hall rentals were fixed.

He eagerly reached out to young people during his term as minister.

On December 7, 1941, the Pacific War erupted. At this point, the operations of the Steveston Buddhist Church came to a grinding halt. With the evacuation order issued in the spring of 1942, all persons of Japanese heritage were forced from the Pacific coast and dispersed to the interior of British Columbia and other provinces



Reverend Toshio Katatsu. (ca. 1940)

During the evacuation, the church was converted to the "Steva" movie theatre. (This site is currently occupied by a visual and performing arts centre called the "The Arts Connection" just south of the Royal Bank parking lot.) Reverend Katatsu moved with the Gohonzon of the Steveston Buddhist Church to Lemon Creek in the Kootenays. Until the Japanese were able to return to the Pacific coast in 1949, the activities of the Steveston Buddhist Church were

suspended.

# **Chapter 2 POST-EVACUATION ERA:** 1949 TO 1963



(ca. 1960)

it a very stressful time for the returning Japanese Canadians. It was like starting their lives all over *Reverend Shinjo Ikuta*. (1966) again from square one.

By 1951, many Japanese fishermen had returned Hamade, Kiichiro Shirakawa, Tokujiro Maekawa, to Steveston and their catches were very good that Kichinosuke Nishii, Eikichi Morishita, Mankichi year. As people settled down, thoughts turned to Higo, Kumataro Sakiyama, Soichi Uyeyama, building a Buddhist temple and its supporters Tokichi Niwatsukino, Chuzo Koyanagi, Fukumatsu Sakiyama, Masaji Hamano, Moriji Tanigami and became stronger. In January 1952, a Ho-on-ko service officiated Hitoshi Tanaka. Dividing Steveston into three

by Reverend Shinjo Ikuta was held at the Steveston districts, the committee members visited every Red Cross Hall. Reverend Ikuta, who was from house to recruit temple members. Kelowna, was serving the Lower Mainland area. Soon after the first Ho-on-ko service was held He urged that Steveston recommence the sangha. in the rented Red Cross Hall on Third Avenue, On January 27, 1952, a meeting was held at the the 50-member congregation elected an executive Red Cross Hall and a committee was formed with board. A list of the first elected executives can be the goal of re-establishing the Steveston Buddhist found in Appendix IV. Coincidentally, Gomonshu Temple. The sixteen men elected to the committee Kosho Ohtani and Lady Yoshiko Ohtani made were: Asamatsu Murakami, Nobuo Domai, Itsuji an official visit from Hongwanji to the Lower



Gomonshu Kosho Ohtani and Lady Yoshiko Ohtani (seated). (1952)

Mainland area in November 1952. A memorial service for the deceased was held at the Steveston Red Cross Hall with the Gomonshu officiating. He also officiated at the installation service for the new Steveston Buddhist Temple executives. Lady Ohtani requested that a *Fujinkai* group be organized and Mrs. Koito Okano became its first president.

Also in 1952, the Young Buddhists Association (YBA) and the Sunday School re-organized and met at the old Red Cross Hall, now considered a heritage

building. The first Sunday School service was held in September 1952.

At the first general meeting on January 18, 1953, the congregation wrote and adopted the constitution for the Buddhist temple. The new executive board decided that the Red Cross Hall was too small and a larger building was sought. The first church on First Avenue had been appropriated by the government during the war years. This building was sold for \$8,497 on July 19, 1953. The custodian of the old church processed this sale.

### Japanese Kindergarten School

In March 1954, the former Japanese Kindergarten School on Chatham Street was purchased with the money from the sale of the old church. An additional \$4,000 was borrowed from Itsuji Hamade to complete the financing. The building required some renovations to suit the uses of the temple. However, the majority of the members had just relocated with their families to Steveston and were not in a financial position to make donations to the church.

With a larger facility on Chatham Street, more functions were held. Between 80 and 90 children attended the Sunday School. The YBA held



Steveston Buddhist Temple on Chatham Street. (1956)



Dharma school officials and students on the steps of the Chatham Street Temple. (1956)

oratorical contests, Miss Bussei contests, dances and other activities. The Fujinkai offered cooking lessons, flower arranging and other classes.

The building also housed the Japanese Language School as well as Judo/Kendo classes. Unfortunately, the building's basement had poor drainage and, on days with heavy rain, the floor would be flooded. Some senior members recall walking on planks when using the flooded basement rooms. During funeral services, the floor would creak with the large number of people in the main hall upstairs. The time had come for another move. In 1956, the Steveston Buddhist Temple registered with the B.C. Government under the Societies Act.

# **Chapter 3** THE MOVE TO 4360 GARRY STREET



Steveston Buddhist Temple on Garry Street. (2008) The New Temple

area (west of No. 1 road). It was within walking for a year.

At the general meeting in January 1958, the A pledge of \$250 per family, payable over a 5-year agenda for rebuilding the Buddhist temple was period, plus special donations from many members discussed. The general opinion was that it was and supporters made it possible to start building the preferable to proceed gradually, as there were some new temple on Garry Street. problems with building it at that time. This matter The Board members consulted Mr. Arnulf took a more concrete form when the board members Petzold for his opinion on their ideas regarding the visited each household and explained the rebuilding style of the Buddhist temple building. Although Mr. plan. They also started collecting for the rebuilding Petzold was born in England of German descent, he fund. They raised \$5,494 which was allocated to a had spent much of his life in Tokyo. He studied special fund. architecture in Germany and returned to Japan to

The primary discussion at the board meeting The executives were presented with a difficult on December 5, 1959 was the particulars of the decision. Many of the Buddhist families did not fundraising campaign. It was decided that all own automobiles in 1957, so the location of the members would contribute \$75 per year for three temple on Chatham Street was very convenient for years. The Board members would visit supporters the majority of families who lived in the Steveston and enlist their cooperation in this campaign.

In the end, a 5-acre property (243-feet wide by a new temple would mean renting another building for \$17,000 in 1960. This meant a massive fundraising drive was required to achieve their goal.

distance for many of them. To demolish and rebuild 950-feet deep) at 4360 Garry Street was purchased

# Arnulf H. Petzold 1905 - 1985 [A Retrospctive by S. J. Archer (originally published in the JCCA BULLETIN, December, 1985)]

long time friend of the Vancouver Nikkei community, there he met a young lady who would later travel half was marked by a profound understanding and love of way around the world to Japan to become his wife. Japanese culture which he brought to life most fully in his distinctive architectural works.

architect and scholar undoubtedly owed much of his great demand for European-trained professionals, Mr. unique vision to the influence of his gifted and cosmo- Petzold was able to land contracts for a wide variety politan parents. Bruno, his German father, was a writ- of residential and institutional projects. Over the years er and journalist whose successful career as a foreign his designs, which were popular with the international correspondent for the German press had taken him clientele of the day, became known for their integrato such world centres as Paris, London and Tsintsin, tion of traditional Japanese materials and craftsman-China. His mother, Hanka Schjedlerup, a Norwegian, ship with elements from his European training. Howonce studied in Paris under Franz Liszt, and eventu- ever, as with most of Tokyo, much of his unique work ally became an internationally recognized singer and would not survive the bombings of WW II. pianist. She lived for awhile in China and while there, Music.

five-year old son to Japan where his interest in the to take advantage of a coincidental British passport pageantry of religious festivals eventually led to a life- and in 1948, they left their beloved Japan for Canada. long passion for the study for Buddhism. Although the outbreak of WW I terminated his work for the German new life, and in due course, Mr. Petzold was able to press, the Petzolds, through Japan's magnanimous again translate his unique understanding of traditionpolicy of not interning peaceful enemy nationals, were al Japanese concepts into architectural form. In adallowed to pursue their interests. Bruno was, in fact, dition to a number of private residences, he tastefully appointed by the Department of Education as a teach- applied his skills to several large projects such as the er of German at the Dai-Ichi Kotogakko. His deepen- Martial Arts Centre in Steveston, as well as the Buding interest in Buddhism led to the research of original dhist Church serving that community. With its decidedtexts with such eminent scholars as H. Hoshino, Shim- ly Japanese flavour, the German Canadian Benevolent aji Daito and Hanayama Shinsho. In 1928, in recogni- Society compound in Vancouver stands as yet another tion of his scholarly work and for his efforts in making example of his singular vision. the Tendai teaching known in the West, a special ceremony was performed at the Asakusa Kwannon Temple out his career, Mr. Petzold, upon retirement, was able in which Bruno Petzold was formally appointed to the to devote more of his time to avocational pursuits such Rank of Daisozu or High Priest and his name entered as painting. Following in his father's footsteps, he was to the Buddhist Tokusho. It was an honour never be- also able to focus his attention on the publication of fore conferred upon an European.

Living in Tokyo through his formative years, the had written on Buddhism. young Arnulf acquired the distinctive Meiji-era language that came to characterize his manner. Follow- entered a Vancouver nursing home and passed away ing his graduation from the American School in Japan, on May 21, 1985.

The life and career of Arnulf Heimdal Petzold, a he travelled to Germany to study architecture. While

Having completed his studies, he returned to Japan to establish his own practise in the cosmopolitan Born in London, England in 1905, the talented Tokyo of 1934. With his fluency in Japanese and the

The war, which necessitated evacuation to the she was invited to make a concert tour of Japan. Her mountain village of Karuizawa in 1944, brought about fascination for the beauty of that country coupled with a dramatic change in lifestyle for the Petzold family. the enthusiasm for European music in Meiji Japan, re- Living more as peasants, they had their share of hardsulted in a teaching position at the Uyeno Academy of ships and suffering, but the quality of life was in many ways, enhanced by the return to a simpler existence. In 1910; Bruno Petzold followed his wife and With the destruction of Tokyo, however, they decided

The move to Vancouver signaled the start of a

Although he was active in community life throughsome of the remaining manuscripts the elder Petzold

After suffering a stroke, Arnulf Heimdal Petzold



establishhispract focusing on construction buildings in oriental st especially Shi shrines and Budd temples. He mo to Vancouver a the Second We War. At the an

Arnulf H. Petzold. 1905 -1985 meeting in Febru 1962, a Construct

Committee was formed. When the Committee convened, the accumulated total of the fund \$10,101. A special reserve fund system would be work and it was started immediately.



Construction committee at sod turning event at the future site of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. From the left; Tokutaro Teramura, Yokichi Ishida, Rev. Shinjo Ikuta, Rov Akune, Yoneichi Sakai, Rev. Kvojo Ikuta, Kuni Ikuta, and Yuichi Akune. (1963)

tice,	operated by the Bukkyokai and the Fujinkai who
the	would put a part of their operating and surplus funds
of	into the reserve fund. The reserve fund would also
the	include money from:
tyle,	a. Donations from the Seinenkai
into	b. Sales of raffle tickets at Engeikai (performance
lhist	of amateur entertainers-young members of the
oved	Bukkyokai)
after	c. Profits from bingo games
orld	The Construction Committee approved the
	design of the Buddhist temple by Mr. Arnulf
nual	Petzold.
uary	In February 1963, the Kuwa-ire-shiki (ground-
tion	breaking ceremony) was performed. The Turnbull
first	& Gale Construction Company had submitted the
was	successful bid of \$86,398 for the main construction
1 ha	work and it was started immediately



Steveston Buddhist Temple under construction. (1963)

and the opening service, led by Reverend Kyojo Kumata. To commemorate the Nyu butsu shiki, the Ikuta, was held on December 23, 1963. Nyu butsu Ko myo ji Temple (Reverend Enkai Miwa) of Mio, shiki (a ceremony to put the spirit of Amida into Go Wakayama Prefecture presented a full set of uchihon zon), was performed by Reverend Kyojo Ikuta shiki (decorative covering cloths for Naijin tables). at the newly built Steveston Temple. It was a proud moment and a happy occasion for all members, but Okamoto), also of Mio, Wakayama Prefecture, especially for the executives and the Fundraising presented a set consisting of an incense burner and Committee who had worked countless hours to an incense box. achieve this dream. The younger generation has benefited from this wise decision by past executives sandalwood, was once owned by Mrs. Toshi and, indeed, is very grateful to those pioneers.

Information about the building: Size 8,000 square feet Contract Price \$100.000 Architect Arnulf H. Petzold Contractor Turnbull & Gale Construction Co.

As well as the main contract, there were other miscellaneous jobs, such as landscaping, The Property Exchange that required additional funding. In November and December 1963, the Committee borrowed a total of was very long and narrow (243-feet wide by 950-\$20,000 from the bank.

service was held to honour the previously deceased the *Fujinkai* wanted to build the manse at the back and the dedication ceremony for completion of of the gravel parking lot, the Richmond Building

attendance were Bishop Shinsho Hanayama, Rev. The building was completed in December 1963 Kyojo Ikuta, Rev. Koyo Okuda and Rinban Kenryo

The Ho-Zen-Ji Temple (Reverend Hodo

The beautiful Butsudan, made of very hard Tanaka, a cousin of Mrs. Shinjo Ikuta. She had it while she was in Dailen, Manchuria. The Amida statue enshrined within had historical significance to the former Gomonshu, the Reverend Kozui Otani, who worshipped it while he lived in Dailen. The Bukkyokai and Fujinkai bought this statue for the temple.

The five-acre property purchased in 1960 feet deep). The south property line abutted the For two days, on March 6 and 7, 1965, a solemn existing railway track at that time. In 1959, when the temple with over 400 people in attendance. In Department suggested a property exchange. Thus,



Mitts Sakai and George Koyanagi cutting cake at the 10th anniversary of the construction of the gymnasium. (1983)

after the land swap, the manse was built fronting Subdivision on Fentiman Road on Garry Street. After the exchange, the temple cooperative move.



Steveston Buddhist Temple manse on Garry Street. (2010)

# The Gymnasium Addition

In light of the need to have a social hall, a room for the youth group to hold sports activities and an alternate room for holding Bingo games instead of using the Hondo, a decision was made to build a gymnasium. Mr. Arnulf Petzold was again asked to design the addition. It was built by G.E. Shaw Construction Ltd. and completed in 1973. The project was financed mainly by Bingo profits and special donations by members.

## **Building the Manse**

In 1970, the Fujinkai ladies decided to build the minister's manse at 4300 Garry Street. Through numerous fundraising projects, such as food bazaars and donations, the ladies made a major contribution toward temple requirements. The manse was built by Fraserview Construction for \$22,300.

The Board decided to subdivide the vacant property became wider and more square in shape west side of the temple grounds because of high and the City ended up with a continuous park, so property taxes on land deemed in excess of religious both the temple and the City benefited from this needs and with no future plans for unused land.

In 1996, an eight-lot subdivision of the grounds Sustaining Fund Investments: Kitchen Addition was completed. The south corner lot was donated to the Buddhist Church of Canada (BCC) and is funds were used to enlarge the kitchen facilities. presently the headquarters of this organization. This The kitchen addition was built in 1998 to add two donated lot was valued at \$220,000 and was the rice cookers, counters and a sink, plus a change key to building the BCC Headquarters. Until then, room and a storage room. This addition gave the the BCC had been using rental premises for their Fujinkai ladies more space to work and more room office and the Bishop's residence. Finally, they had for storage, which was lacking before. The kitchen a permanent home. The remaining seven lots were addition was designed by architect Bud Sakamoto sold and, after deducting development costs for and the work was done by Kishiuchi Construction such things as roads, sewer, electricity, engineering, Ltd. for \$200,000. etc., the temple was left with a sizeable Sustaining Fund of approximately \$800,000.

In 1997, the Board passed a motion to keep growth.

From the sale of the property, some of the

### Columbarium

The Columbarium was designed by Bud a principal amount of \$500,000 in the Sustaining Sakamoto and completed for the 75th Anniversary Fund, allocating only the interest portion for future dedication in 2003. Serving on the Columbarium use. This fund was managed by RBC Dominion Committee were Reverend Izumi, Reverend Hattori Securities and, fortunately, has experienced steady and Reverend Kikuchi, Kaz Tasaka, Kiyo Domai, Steve Morishita, Mitts Sakai, Bud Sakamoto, and Junko Hazama.



Exterior of the Columbarium completed for the 75th Anniversary dedication of the Temple. (2003)

The library room (the former nursery room) from other temples have all complimented us on our was used to install 174 niches (144 standard-size nokotsudo and many new members have joined the and 30 larger-size) plus a butsudan. The room was Otera since its completion. dry-walled, painted and prepared by Kaz Tasaka. Two granite benches were donated by The niches were built by Sam's Woodworks the Matsumura family "In Memory of Seitaro Ltd. for a cost of \$32,269 installed. The outside Matsumura" and the Tasaka family "In Memory of memorial garden was prepared by Kaz Tasaka and Mr. & Mrs. Arizo Tasaka". Mitts Sakai. Fortunately, Junko Hazama was in the A sprinkler system was installed in 2006 at a granite business and was able to supply the granite cost of \$2,500. monument for the wholesale price of \$4,400. The A Perpetual Care Fund was established to be project was built under budget at \$80,000. Visitors used only for operational expenses, maintenance, improvements, expansion, accessories and expenses associated with the Columbarium.



(2003)







# The First Butsudan

In 1960, a very elaborate shrine was purchased from Mrs. Tomo Tanaka of Tokyo and installed at the Otera. This shrine was a personal one made to order for Monshu Kozui Otani, the 22nd Monshu of Jodo Shinshu Nishi Hongwanji-ha. After his retirement until the end of World War II, Monshu Kozui Otani lived in Shanghai, China where he had this shrine.

The First Butsudan of the Steveston Buddhist Temple.

The Monshu gave this shrine to his personal physician as a gesture of thanks. The wife of this Buddha was installed. Mr. Watanabe was again doctor was Mrs. Mino Ikuta's cousin. Reverend consulted and asked to make additions. Little by Shinjo Ikuta persuaded Mrs. Tomo Tanaka to part little, the accessories for the statue were added. with it and had it shipped in several cartons to Steveston from Tokyo. A special outer box was "storage" in the classroom until it was sold to the made by Mr. Masuo Hashimoto to protect the Buddhist Church of Canada headquarters where delicate, intricate butsudan. When the new temple it was restored and installed by artisans from the was built on Garry Street, Mr. Nobuyuki Watanabe Yamatoku Butsugu-ya in Kyoto in 1997. was hired to make an appropriate back wall for the Shrine.

In 1982, a gold, life-size statue of Amida

The boxed-in *butsudan* from Tokyo was put in

The Second Butsudan



The Second Butsudan of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (2010)

# **Chapter 4** STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE **ORGANIZATIONS and ACTIVITIES**



Founding members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple Fujinkai. (1956)

### FUJINKAI

Ovoriko, the founding body of the Steveston tions as an ancillary organization that supported the were deceased. Bukkvokai. At that time, there were more than 130

Among their more noteworthy activities, the members. Fujinkai gave financial assistance to the Asoka Hos-With the outbreak of World War II, however, pital and to Japanese children in the form of Omochi compulsory evacuation began and the members dai. At the same time, the Fujinkai gave matedispersed throughout Canada, with many members rial help by sending used clothing to war orphans moving to the interior of B.C., Alberta, Manitoba, through the Red Cross. Every spring, Fujinkai vis-

Ontario and Quebec.

After the end of the war, the Bukkyokai was re-Buddhist Temple Fujinkai, was started simultane- stored in 1952 and the women who wished to see ously with the Steveston Buddhist Church in 1928. the Fujinkai revived, got together at Mrs. Okano's The name was changed and the Fujinkai officially house. They drafted rules and regulations for their came into being in 1932. The following year, Rev- organizations. With the visitation of Gomonshu Koerend Mohri, our first minister, took office. The Fu- sho Ohtani, the Zen Monshu and Zenurakata, the jinkai, under the guidance of Mrs. Mohri, carried Fujinkai was reborn with a total of 96 members. By out various activities and thus made great contribu- 2010, more than two-thirds of the charter members

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50th Anniversary celebrations of the Fujinkai. (2002)

its the senior residences in Richmond with flowers. the sale of baked goods, etc.

From 1956 until 1974, the Fujinkai held joint hall.

kitchen utensils for the new manse. The manage- also to provide for a water purification project. ment of a fully furnished manse was transferred to the Bukkyokai in 1992.

The Fujinkai subsequently made substantial improving the parking lot, always working towards (YBA) the development and prosperity of Buddhism.

years before the 9th World Buddhist Women's Con- erend Shinjo Ikuta and Mrs. Ikuta. vention in 1990, the Fujinkai attended the organizing meetings with the Vancouver and Fraser Valley including informal religious discussions that took churches. They also engaged in fundraising through place at different homes. An "activity night" was

The membership currently stands at 170 and food bazaars with the Japanese Language School actively supports various Bukkyokai activities. In and the Bukkyokai. The proceeds collected from addition, the Fujinkai generously assists with otoki these events were used to purchase the main alcove after all funeral services and also after major Bukand *Rindo* lanterns as well as the chairs in the main *kyokai* services. The *Fujinkai* also holds an annual Eshinniko memorial service and the Dana Day ser-A little later on, the topic of building a min-vice as proposed by the World Buddhist Women's ister's manse came up and the membership's "50 Federation. Proceeds from the Dana Day service are cents a month" savings campaign was launched. forwarded to the Women's Federation headquarters The manse was completed in 1970 and furniture for social welfare causes. For several years, funds was also purchased. The Fujinkai also purchased were forwarded to Kenya to assist a hospital and

> Proceeds from the Eshinniko memorial service are used to assist Buddhist youth.

# contributions towards building the gymnasium and THE YOUNG BUDDHIST ASSOCIATION

The Young Buddhist Association, consisting of In 1983, the Fujinkai joined the Buddhist young people from about fifteen to twenty years of Churches of Canada Women's Federation. Three age, was started in 1952 under the guidance of Rev-

Many activities were planned and enjoyed,



Young Buddhist Association members at a dance held at the Richmond High School. (1958)

with the Vancouver YBA, matsutake (pine mush- those seniors who could not attend. room) picking with the Aldergrove group and a day Washington.



Kay Sakata, Itsuji Hamade, Kazue Oye, Chiyoko Sakata and Shizuka Akune at Keirokai.

held at the temple with members from Vancouver kai by inviting all seniors in our community aged and Aldergrove attending. This activity night be- 70 and older to a luncheon held in their honour. The came a joint Friday night event with the Steveston YBA ladies prepared the meal with the assistance of United Church youth group, hosted by each group the Junior YBA ladies. Transportation was provided alternately. The group also enjoyed outings, such by young men who were able to acquire their famas clam bakes at Crescent Beach, softball games ily vehicle. Obento (lunch boxes) were delivered to

The annual Buddhist Convention began as the trip with the Seattle YBA to Rosario Beach Park in British Columbia Young Buddhist League (BCY-BL) Convention in 1954. At that time, Vancouver, In 1964, the Steveston YBA started the Keiro- Kelowna, Kamloops and Steveston were the temples involved. The Convention consisted of the usual annual meeting, religious discussions and Dharma talks. Also included were an oratorical contest, a Miss Bussei contest and bowling. Each of the four YBA groups hosted this convention in turn every four years.

> Our YBA continued until 1967 when the YABA (Young Adult Buddhist Association) was formed to make way for younger members to join the YBA. Many of the former Steveston YBA members became members of the YABA.

> The Young Adult Buddhist Association was formed on February 5, 1967. The first President was Toshiaki Hamaguchi.

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Bingo callers and participants in the Steveston Buddhist Temple gymnasium.

was to start bingo as a fundraising activity. However, the first four weeks of bingo resulted in a loss and the committee held an emergency meeting to discuss whether to continue or cancel the event. (apologies if any names were missed). The group decided to give it a good try since the were held in the Hondo and, with all the smoking, summer months. a special ceiling exhaust fan was installed. Eventually, it was moved to the gymnasium and the class- Dance, which was very well attended (250 to 300 room was designated as a non-smoking room.

The successful Bingo fundraising has made it possible for our church to add a gymnasium, blacktop the parking lot, build a storage room behind the gym and keep the membership dues at a minimum. Over 40 years, bingo has raised over 1.4 million dollars. In the beginning, the Fujinkai worked hard month. The Fujinkai ladies made sandwiches to sell Alley. for refreshments. In those days, as many as 500 people would come to play bingo at the temple. There were many bingo games in Richmond at that time - at Saint Alban's, the Skyline Hotel, the Orange Hall, the Legion Hall, Minoru Pavilion, St. Joseph's Church and South Arm Community Centre, to name a few.

We are very fortunate to have had a continuous core of dedicated volunteers since October 16, 1967. Dedicated helpers over the years have included: George Koyanagi (who was the first treasurer &

caller), Mike Kokubo, Johnny Toyoda, Kaz Yamamoto, Mr. & Mrs. T. Yamanaka, Masuo Hashimoto, Yoneharu Maede, Eiichi Harada, Johnny Kariya, Sam Akizuki, Tadasu Hibi, Sam Kondo, Sharky Kobayashi, Tom Hirose, Sammy Sameshima, Yoneharu Tanaka, Yoneji Kawabata, Toshio Murao, Steve Morishita, Keizo Nishikihama, Hideo Kokubo, Kaz Tasaka, Kazuji Murao, Tak Miyazaki, Isao Nishi, John Yamamoto, Hozie Sakata, Dave Matsuo, Vern Kuramoto, Yoshiharu Nishikihama, Don Narukami, Terry Sakai, Herby Koyanagi, Doc Tomihiro, Mitts Sakai, Jack Kawabata, Kuni Ikuta, Mak Ikuta, Victor Kawabata, Sam Shinde, Kiyoshi Tani, Roy Akune, Ken Yoshihara (non-member), Seishi One of the projects for the newly formed group Matsuno, Ted Hirose, Setsuo Hayashi, Kiyo Domai, Larry Ryan, Bud Sakamoto, Pat Yetman, Terry Kondo, Norman Kondo, Tom Yamamoto, Francis Aug, Marge Sakai, Chizu Nakatsu and Tsuyoshi Nakatsu

We also owe many thanks to the Bowling, Judo Catholic Church had held successful bingo nights and Kendo Clubs who assisted during July and Aufor many years. It eventually took off. Bingo games gust to give our Bingo volunteers a break during the

Other group events included the New Year's persons) by temple members as well as non-members. The gym was decorated and music was supplied by a disc jockey. There were dancing classes during the winter months with Mike Kokubo (who held an Arthur Murray dance school certificate) and Pat Nikleva as instructors. The YABA Bowling league at the Seafair Bowling Alley was in full to provide free chow mein for Bingo players once a swing before moving to the Shellmount Bowling

The YABA conducted a fundraising campaign



Gong purchased by the Young Adult Buddhist Association and used during the service. (2010)

during Reverend Okada's ministry to buy a large gong used by the minister during the service.

The group also sponsored a golf tournament, which was usually orga-

nized by Kuni Ikuta. This was quite popular for some time but interest in the event has slowly waned.

YABA Presidents include: Tosh Hamaguchi (1967), Roy Akune (1968), Johnny Toyoda(1969), Mitts Sakai & Tak Miyazaki (1970), Harry Okano & Tom Hirose (1971, 1972), Doc Tomihiro & Harry Okano (1973), Don Narukami & Ray Inouye (1974), Wes Nishi (1975), Doc Tomihiro (1976), Terry Sakai (1977), Ray Inouye (1978), Kaz Tasaka & Mitts Sakai (1979), Mits Tanigami (1980), Herby Koyanagi (1981).

### **DHARMA SCHOOL: 1952 – 2010**

The return of many Japanese fishermen and In 1954, the pre-war Kindergarten building on that the "old" building caused, Sunday morning was

their families in late 1949 and the early 1950s was the beginning of post-war Sunday School (Dharma School) in Steveston. Under the guidance of Shinjo Dharma School teachers and advisors on the steps of Ikuta Sensei, Sunday School was organized. The the Chatham Street Temple. (1956) first Sunday School Service was held in September, 1952 in the Red Cross Hall on Third Avenue. In the of children would have their classes downstairs, beginning, enrollment seemed to be comprised of wherever there was room. During the rainy season, children from a few families, but in the next several the basement would flood periodically and classes years the number of children increased dramatically. could not be held. Despite all the physical problems Chatham Street was purchased as the new Steveston a "fun" time of gathering with friends to learn about Buddhist Church, as it was called then. The location the teachings of Amida Buddha. During this periwas ideal as it was close enough for many of the od, there were so many children in attendance that children to walk to Sunday School. The building many teenagers were recruited to teach. They bewas indeed, a wonderful place to nurture children came 'teacher assistants' to older teachers. Some of who were by now, numbering over 100. Classes the older teachers were Alice and Peggy Sakiyama, were held with children sitting on chairs clustered Henry and Betty Morishita, Nancy Kobayashi and in small groups all over the Hondo. The overflow Roy Akune.



*Bob Akune with Dharma* \*school students.* (1956)



In the 1950s and throughout the 1960s, Sunday School in Steveston was in its 'heyday' as approximately a hundred children were in attendance. In those days, there was no Sunday shopping and few organized sports that the children could participate in. Also, Steveston was still a somewhat, isolated community where many of the fisher fathers and cannery worker mothers did not have the time nor the means to take their children outside the community for extracurricular activities. Dharma School benefited and it flourished, for the temple was a place not only for spiritual guidance but a place where the children could meet with their friends. Dharma talks, Dharma lessons, stories, craft ses-

sions, singing, playing and always eating were all al. Their daughter, Mona was a newborn baby when part of Sunday morning. Mak Ikuta, a gifted story- they moved to Steveston. They also had two other teller, has continued to entertain the children with pre-schoolers, Nori and Yuka. We enjoyed watchhis stories from the late 1950s to the present day.

vehicles, so buses were chartered for yearly picnics to Second Beach in Stanley Park. In the 1950s, forces with the other Dharma Schools in B. C. to adults still dressed up. After a set of children's rac- publish the "Dharma" newsletter two or three times es, one student recalled his father in a suit running a year. This newsletter with articles from teachin the adult egg race. The picnic was the high-light ers and children was published well into the early of the year, as mothers prepared delicious obentos 1990s. In an October 1978 issue, 7-year old Christo eat on the picnic grounds. In later years, Harbour tine Koyanagi of Lotus Class wrote: "Why do we Park in Ladner, and King George Park on Number say Namu Amida Butsu? Because to thank you, 5 Road were other familiar picnic sites.

from 1958 to 1963 until he was assigned to the Van- teacher of Lotus Class. couver Buddhist Church. His father, Shinjo Ikuta Sensei, although in his retirement years was the next were taken to Alice Lake, Manning Park, Alouette minister from 1963 to 1966.

Street Otera was not functional and a new build- trips were made to the Aquarium in Stanley Park, ing was needed. In 1963, the present temple on Fish Hatchery in the Fraser Valley, Lighthouse Park Garry Street was built. Dharma School, as it was in West Vancouver, for snow-sledding at Cypress now called continued to flourish. The brand new Mountain, watching Vancouver Grizzly basketball temple was a bit further from the town core, but was games at GM Place and to bowling alleys and movstill within walking distance for many children who ie theatres. Visits to Vancouver Dharma School, lived in the Steveston area. By the 1960s, married Seattle Betsuin, November Family Conventions and couples with their young families were beginning the Pacific Northwest Conventions in Washington to move outside the Steveston perimeter. Their chil- enabled the children to meet and interact with othdren were either carpooled or driven by their par- er Buddhist children. Ruth Iwata recalled a trip to ents to Sunday School. Alice (Sakiyama) Kokubo, Seattle. "I remember hitting the temple bell in the said, "I used to take my own children, then picked up park across the street and the big sleep-overs in the many of the children in Seafair and drove them all classrooms". Thanks to the assistance of many supto Dharma School."

When Ikuta Sensei retired in 1966, Takaaki Na- pen. gatani Sensei arrived from Japan as our new minister. During his stay in Steveston, he met and mar- as Sensei was assigned to Lethbridge Alberta and ried Kayo Hibi, a member of our Dharma School Gyosho Abe Sensei, a bachelor from Japan became (no longer called Sunday School). A wedding the next minister. He remained until Sammi Kiribshower was put on for them by the *Dharma* School ayashi Sensei arrived with his young family in 1988. staff. When Sensei and Kayo returned to Japan in Kazuki, Mari and Eri were wonderful additions to 1970, Takamichi Takahatake Sensei from Montreal Dharma School. Sensei and his wife, Yumiko-san became our next minister. His stay was very short had their fourth child, Noriko in 1991 in Richmond. as he left after one year.

Okada and their young family arrived from Montre- Japan.

ing Nori, Yuka and Mona grow as children attend-It was also a time when very few families had ing *Dharma* School for the next eleven years.

During this period, Dharma School combined Lord Buddha before supper, before bedtime and in Kyojo Ikuta Sensei was our resident minister the morning when we wake up." June Ikuta was the

Camping trips were organized and the children Lake and Gambier Island. One exciting excursion The Bukkyokai soon realized that the Chatham was an airplane ride over the Lower Mainland. Field portive parents these excursions were able to hap-

In 1982, we bid farewell to the Okada family After eight years, once again, we lost our minister In 1971, Hoshin Okada Sensei with Mrs. Tokiko in the spring of 1996, as the Kiribayashis left for

For years, the first Dharma School session in September started with a pancake breakfast. This tradition, as well as many other luncheons, still carries on today. Participation in the Terry Fox Run is a new tradition that was started in September, 2009.

In April, Hanamatsuri, the birth of Shakyamuni Buddha, is a big celebration. The children's attendance at Dharma School is recognized with gifts. Students entertain the congregation by playing the piano, singing, dancing or pounding Taiko drums. Robert Bressler and Reiko Domai were a couple of *Temple*. (2003) the regular entertainers.

The Manning Park Retreat was a Y.B.A. outtogether for all B.C. *Dharma* School children and our young people.

Dharma School has donated to various chari- er and Misaye Hamaura, are assisted by Mayumi ties such as the Vancouver Sun's Save the Children Iwase. Fund and the Children's Variety Club Telethon. The In commemorating 80-plus years of the Steother 'Dana' program that we have continued to par- veston Buddhist Temple's existence, we look back ticipate in since the 1980s is the Foster Parent Plan. with deep appreciation and gratitude to the Sensei, A child from Thailand is our current foster child. teachers, parents and children who made the Dhar-In 1997, Nariyuki Hattori Sensei started his ma School possible. Now, we are working with tenure as resident minister. He remained at our tem- Grant Ikuta Sensei, our spiritual leader, as he guides ple until Yasuo Izumi Sensei came in 1998. After us into the future carrying on with the legacy that serving for four years, Izumi Sensei was transferred our forefathers have left us. to Southern Alberta. Hattori Sensei returned to Steveston in 2003. It was an exciting time when Hat- Memories of Former Dharma School Students tori Sensei married Sonoko Ishiyama. A year later Bill Miyazaki was a Dharma School student they had their first child, Toko. Hattori (Ishiyama) in the 1950s and 1960s and taught Dharma School Sensei was called back to Japan to fulfill duties at in the 1970s. his wife, Sonoko-san's family temple in 2005.

"My fondest recollection goes, way, way back In November 2005, our first female sensei, .... Would you believe 1958 or earlier! Those were Masumi Kikuchi, arrived from Toronto. With great the days when Rev. Shinjo Ikuta was semi-retired, enthusiasm, she revitalized the Dharma School pro- but conducted the services when his son, Rev. K. gram which in recent years had started to wane. In Ikuta was not available. All of Rev. Ikuta's Dharma January 2007, a monthly Dharma School service be- talks were in Japanese!! With my limited knowledge ginning at 10 a.m. and classes immediately followof Japanese, I always listened politely and tried my ing at 10:30 a.m. were initiated. Classes consisted best to understand. In reflecting back now, there was of hands-on activities such as cooking, baking, and no need to understand every single word. His 'twinmaking crafts. Two young ladies, Alisa Sakamoto



Narivuki Hattori and Sonoko Ishivama (centre) at a wedding reception held at the Steveston Buddhist

and Reiko Domai, were the teachers.

In March 2008, we said farewell to Kikuchi ing in the fifties but in the eighties it became a get- Sensei who returned to Japan for medical reasons. In July 2008, Grant Ikuta Sensei, his wife, Norikotheir families. The May-long weekend meant the san, and their four children arrived from Toronto. meeting of new friends and the re-acquaintance The Ikuta family has certainly brightened and livwith old friends. The fun and camaraderie at the ened the halls of our temple. An exciting Dharma Retreat has fostered deep friendships for many of School program continues under the guidance of Grant Sensei. Currently, teachers, Shannon Turn-

Amida Buddha's infinite compassion surrounds us from my days when I attended Dharma School.' every single day of our lives.

On the lighter side, as a Sunday School kid, on those special services like Hanamatsuri and Obon I treat in the 1990s and into the 2000s. always looked forward to eating the huge triangular 'onigiri' served with raw wieners prepared by the Fujinkai ladies after the service."

Mayumi Takasaki attended Sunday School in friends the 1950s and 1960s.

one mention Sunday School, (I come from the generation that didn't say Dharma School. It'll always be Sunday School to me.) is the incense. They say the sense of smell is the strongest in evoking memo- Memories of Dharma School Teachers ries. The smell of incense brings feelings of home, comfort and familiarity. When I went to Kyoto and upon entering the Great Hall and being greeted by my marriage in 1959. incense.

also meant treats for us Sunday School kids. We of age were in Lumbini Class. We also had Bodhi, would wait patiently during the service until Sensei Dharma, Sangha and Siddhartha Classes. Siddhartold us we could go outside to play while he gave his tha Class consisted mostly of older boys around the sermon to the adults. As we filed out we were each age of 11 or 12. given a brown paper bag holding an orange and usually a manju – special treats for a special day. followed the general service program. We would

eral years she taught the youngest kids at Sunday Golden Chain or the Promise and break into class-School – Lumbini Class, I think. She really enjoyed es where we taught about the life and teachings of being with the kids – teaching them how to hold the Shakamuni Buddha. ojuzu and how to say Namu Amida Butsu."

er.

in the 1980s.

apply our knowledge of the Dharma and the Sangha and participating in the Obon odori. in the form of artwork. I will never forget the recit-

kling eyes and gentle words' ...... translation ..... my heart, the true meaning of the Golden Chain

Alisa Sakamoto talks about Manning Park Re-

"Great memories from Manning Park include: - looking forward to seeing all my friends from the interior (Vernon and Kelowna)!

- winning the bocce tournament with all my

- roasting marshmallows and singing songs "The first thing that comes to mind when some- around the campfire with Doug (Masuhara).

> -playing the Scavenger Hunt game in teams -chasing after gophers."

# Peggy (Sakiyama) Nakano:

"The Steveston Buddhist Sunday School classes attended a service at the Hongwanji, I was sur- were very well attended in the 1950s when I served prised to immediately feel comfortable and at home for several years as a Sunday School teacher until

The classes were divided according to age and Special services like Hanamatsuri and Obon I believe the younger children who were 6 years

Sunday School began at 10:30 a.m. and we My mom always loved little kids and so for sev- open with a gatha, chant the Juni Rai and recite the

Some of the highlights of the year would be the \* The late Toshiko Takasaki is Mayumi's moth- Hanamatsuri Service when the children would receive little token gifts for attending Sunday School and there was also a prize for the children who Andy Watanabe talks about Dharma School achieved Perfect Attendance. The children also took part in Sunday School concerts at the church. "I remember my brother and I being picked Picnics that I remember were held at Peace Arch up by Mak Ikuta or Misaye Hamaura every Sunday Park and for a couple of years at Second Beach in morning to go to Dharma School. After the Dharma Stanley Park, as it was a popular site for races and School service, we would all go to our classes and games. We also looked forward to the Obon Service

When I left in March 1959, there were many ing of the Golden Chain. I will forever keep within younger prospects helping as assistant Sunday

School teachers. Some are, at the present time, still treats we have made have been pizzas, applesauce vourite is stone soup. In November of last year, Mak Ikuta told us the story of how some journeying soldiers teach a village to share. The children brought Mika Hibi: "Mrs. (Toshiko) Takasaki, Mrs. (Michiyo) Mor- a vegetable or two from home to contribute to our share the soup. It is truly a lovely lesson."

very actively involved at the Steveston Buddhist and apple tea and decorated cupcakes. But my fa-Temple." ishita and I taught about a dozen Kindergarten and temple stone soup. While the soup was simmering, pre-school children. At this age they needed a lot we made paper versions by gluing a stone to the of help. It was from the mid-sixties to about the time centre of a paper plate and then cutting out our own that Okada Sensei came. There were many teenag- ingredients. The results were some very interesting ers helping at that time. I think my sister, Kayo had recipes. Best of all, is when everyone gathers to a class, too."

### Karen (Yamashita) Esson:

"I was helping around the late 1960s when the sensei was Nagatani. There were quite a few TAIKO GROUP children of different ages because I think there were doing oshoko and the pouring of sweet tea.

himself in the Hondo in the evening." \* Karen attended Dharma School as a child later date.

and continued as a teacher in later years. The instructors at that time were Mr. Shinobu \* Mr. T. Ishida was the Naijin attendant for our Homma and Ms. Naomi Shikaze. Both Shinobu Otera for many years, from the 1950s to the 1980s. and Naomi had many years of Taiko experience with Katari Taiko and helped to found Chibi Taiko, **Shannon Turner:** the first youth group.

"I have been helping with Dharma School for about something different through stories, rhymes

\*Shannon is a Dharma School teacher who attends services with her three young children.

The Taiko drum group originated from the three classes. Mrs. (Kazuko) Atagi had the younger Dharma (Sunday) School membership in the fall of children and I had ages 8-9. Mildred Kjar and Rev. 2000. The idea was to try to attract young Japanese Nagatani had the older children. I recall being the Canadians to the Dharma School and to introduce MC for a Hanamatsuri Service because the service Japanese culture to them. Roy Akune was very inwas longer than usual due to the number of children volved in organizing the group and start-up funding was provided by the Board of Directors. The Ste-I remember being in Church helping Ishida- veston Buddhist Temple Taiko Group was officially no-Ojisan with the cleaning of the brass of the Ho- formed in late November and claims to be the first tokesan before Hanamatsuri. It was so quiet and organized Taiko group in Richmond. The original eerie as there were only the two of us in the whole group began with nine members: Lina Arima, Mebuilding cleaning in the kitchen. Ojisan would make lissa Murakami, Jillian Masuhara, Kelly Masuhara, comments about seeing shadows or ghosts of people Nicole Masuhara, Doug Masuhara, Stacey Chan, who had passed away recently, as he was often by Annie Lewis, and Glen Sakamoto. Judy Ogio, Miyuki Hamakawa and Kumiko Nagata joined at a

At the start, the Taiko group had no equipment two years now. I love working with the children on which to practice, so they used old car tires for and what better way for a beginner to learn about drums and made drumsticks from wood dowelling. Buddhism than at Dharma School. After a child- They practiced this way for two years before they friendly service in the Hondo, the children move to began making practice drums from plastic sewer the classroom for lessons. Each month we learn pipes and big Odaiko drums from old wine barrels.

The group's first public performance was at and activities. Many sessions involve cooking and the Steveston Otera Obon on July 15, 2001. They then sharing with the Sangha. Some of the tasty played two short songs (which was all they knew)



Members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple Taiko group. (ca. 2005)

and were assisted by Shinobu and Naomi. Since that gether.

time, the Taiko group has continued to develop and is now quite independent. Despite some personnel pendent. They composed their first song, "Minna No changes, most of the original members are still to- Sekai," in the Fall of 2003 and premiered it at Chibi

The Taiko group has now become more inde-



The Steveston Buddhist Temple Taiko group performing. (2008)

Taiko's Tenth Anniversary concert. They officially changed their name to Steveston Tera Taiko in Janu- SENIORS CLUB ary 2004. The "Tera" is short for otera (temple). In 1983, Reverend Gyosho Abe, then the resi-They continue to grow as a young *taiko* group dent minister, suggested to the Bukkyokai that a tives to the Seniors Club.

and performances over the last few years have in- club for seniors be organized. Bukkyokai members cluded: Kamloops Canada Day Festival, Western agreed and elected Isao Tsumura as President, No-Washington University Culture Shock, CTV News buo Domai as Chairman, Masuo Hashimoto as Diin Your Neighbourhood, Breakfast TV - Vancouver rector and Kaoru Atagi as Treasurer of the newly-Cherry Blossom Festival, Chan Centre Roots 'N' formed Seniors Club. Later, members recommended Shoots Festival, Richmond Olympic Oval Open- the Fujinkai be represented and the ladies selected ing Celebrations, and collaborations with The Chen Shizue Miyazaki, Yoshiko Sakai, Toshi Amadatsu, Ling Academy of Dance, Chibi Taiko, and Le Patin Shizuka Akune and Chiyoko Sakata as representa-Libre.

The Seniors Club holds a meeting of Executives and Representatives once a month and a gen-TAKARAJIMA GROUP eral meeting of all members once a year. The Club The Japanese play group "Takarajima" was es- organizes workshops on bonsai, making sushi, baktablished in 2008 by several Japanese mothers who ing, gift wrapping, etc. The Club also organizes day wanted to offer a play-based Japanese environment or overnight trips in the Spring and Autumn, social for children to learn the language and the culture, gathering once or twice a year and the entertainment while at the same time providing networking oppor- at the Temple's Annual party. tunities for Japanese mothers. Takarajima is a drop-Nobuo Domai had taken charge of the Club ecutives being elected. Seniors Club members were The activities of this group include Japanese generally first elected as representatives and then

Hayao Sakai as Director. However, Hiroshi Nogami The average number of participants in the pro- and Hayao Sakai had to resign for health reasons

in program and is held every Thursday, with 2 hours for many years, but had to resign because of health in the morning for preschoolers and 2 hours in the problems in 1993, which led to a new group of exafternoon for school-aged children. crafts such as Origami, circle time in Japanese, Jap- were elected as executives. In 1994, the Executives anese games and kids' cooking classes. The group included Toshio Murao as President, Eiichi Harada also has a mini-Japanese library for both children as Vice-President, Hiroshi Nogami as Treasurer and and mothers. gram was about 20 children per session in 2009. and were replaced by Takemi Miyazaki as Treasurer More than 100 families are on the Takarajima con- and Tomiko Sakai as Director. The membership fee for the Seniors Club was tact list, and during special events and holiday sessions, the group has seen as many as 60 participants. \$1 per year for 10 years. However, the fee was in-

creased to \$5 after the 2004 General meeting. In the case of funerals for members, the Seniors Club does not offer koden, but instead sends a representative to the funeral and offers shoko. The Seniors Club holds day trips in the Spring and Autumn, but is finding it difficult to continue to organize the New Year's entertainment party.

Membership of the Seniors Club has remained constant through the years and has ranged from130 members in 1983 and 1993 to 110 members in 2008.

# **YOUTH TOURS TO JAPAN**

The Buddhist Church of Canada has organized several youth tours to Japan in which members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple have participated along with other young Buddhists from across Canada. These tours included home-stays with Japanese families. Following are reports and highlights of some of these tours.

**August 1987** by Debbie Uyeno

Tour leaders: Reverend Yasuhiro Miyakawa and Mrs. Teruko Ikuta Participants: Andrew Ishikawa



Debbie Uyeno.

and Maya Ishikawa

(Alberta), Wendy Akune and Cathy Nishikawa on two buses, so it was a lot of fun. (Vancouver), Marilyn Mori and Pamela Yoshida (Toronto), Grant Miyai (Manitoba), Debbie Uyeno and Kevin Ikuta (Steveston).

Home-stay was in Kobe. We visited Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya and Nara. One highlight was a steak and lobster dinner at the Tokyo Prince Hotel, hosted by Mr. Robert Iwata of Iwata Travel. We saw some amazing temples, ate different kinds of food and spent time out in the country. That was consisted of three young definitely an adventure.

### August 1989

by Aaron Akune

Tour leaders:

Reverend Kiribayashi and Mrs. Fujikawa

were young gents in training.

# **July 1997** by Kevin Ikuta

Tour leaders: **Reverend Kyojo** Ikuta Participants: Jane Shiraishi, Mari Chijiiwa, Christine Takahashi and Kiyomi Motomura (Toronto), Nathan Takeda (Kelowna), Logan Blake (Manitoba), Tyler



Kevin Ikuta.

Yasui and James Koizumi (Calgary), Kevin Ikuta (Steveston) -- went on tour to assist his uncle.

Home-stay was at the temple of Reverend Kuroda in Hyogo, Japan (Kobe). We visited Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya, Nara, Hiroshima and Hakone. The delegates from South America, mainland USA, Hawaii and Canada toured the various sites together

**July 1999** by Ruth Iwata

Tour leader: **Reverend Hattori** The group

people from B.C. and one from Ontario. We visited the Tsukiji fish market in Tokyo, climbed Mount Fuji and



visited Tokai, Hiroshima and the surrounding areas of Kyoto. The trip showed us not only how big this world is, but also how small it really is. One The group consisted of 20 children. We had thing that struck me in Japan was how tradition a lot of fun – there were cockroaches in my room. and heritage buildings can exist in a very modern Reverend Grant Ikuta and Reverend John Iwahara world. It was breathtaking to see the different types of temples and structures, sometimes hidden away from the hustle and bustle of everyday life and at peace with nature and their surroundings. It was very humbling to see the mother temple in Kyoto,

with its rich history and culture, and to understand where we come from as a religion and as a person. These tours make you realize that you are not alone and that there are people who know what it is like to be different. They help us to embrace and take pride in our Japanese ancestry and our Buddhist faith.

# **July 2000**

by Alisa Sakamoto

Tour leaders: Bishop Fujikawa and Mrs. Fujikawa

The group visited Hongwanji in Kyoto, the Island of Oita, Takaaki Mountain (Monkey Mountain), Kanazawa, Kenrokuen and Tokyo.

and cigarettes sold in vending machines!

# **July 2001**

by Glenn Sakamoto

Tour leader: Reverend Hattori We visited Tokyo, Kyoto, Gifu, Osaka and Hiroshima. My favourite memory is the home-stay. I stayed in Gifu and the people were very friendly and



helpful. We went sightseeing with them and saw much of the Gifu country.

**July 2004** by Stacey Chan and Jillian Masuhara

> Tour leader: **Reverend Masumi** Kikuchi Participants:

Stephanie Onabe and Adara (Saskatchewan), Gillian and Clayton (Toronto), Kane



Jillian Masuhara.

(Oshawa), Brian North (Vancouver), Jillian Masuhara and Stacey Chan (Steveston)

Home-stay in Nara. The family was extremely My favourite memories: meeting other young generous and kind. It was an excellent experience Buddhists from around the world, staying with to see how a traditional Japanese family lives. I my home-stay family (Oharas), visiting many also enjoyed staying at the Hongwanji in Kyoto temples in Kyoto, seeing the six-way crosswalk in with the many festivities that were held there. I met Tokyo and the Tokyo Tower, attending the YBA many new people from various temples and the conference, Reiko and I trying all the different Hongwanji temple was beautiful. It was hot and we kinds of drinks and ice-cream from the vending enjoyed eating "kakigori" (ice and anko). We also machines and travelling with Mrs. Fujikawa (she is enjoyed eating "kushiyaki (tempura) and ice-cream. so funny!). Also, I was really surprised to see beer It was fun to meet young people from different places. I remember having to get up very early at the Hongwanji to attend service. Reverend Kikuchi took us to many different interesting places.

# **Chapter 5**

# **OUTSTANDING MEMBERS of the STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE**

The Steveston Buddhist Temple has been cranking the handle for a long, long time. Without and continues to be fortunate to have many, many his records, this history book would not be possible. members who really care about and serve the temple Arigato "Machan". in numerous ways. We have included the stories of a few of these individuals. We encourage readers to KOITO OKANO submit stories of other members to be added to this Fujinkai was chapter in subsequent issues of this history. started on Novem-

### MASUO HASHIMOTO



wife, Nevan.

He had carpentry

gokuden for the previous shrine, the black Event open the door to start Sunday School. Board in the lobby (Machan's computer system, trays on casters, the black number board for Bingo of our temple. and the Offertory box, to name a few. He tirelessly own computer-like system, which was amazing. He would print the lists on the Gestetner machine, appreciation from the membership.

ber 22, 1952 and Koito Okano was Everyone chosen as presiaffectionately called dent at the Chatham him Machan and his Street temple. She lived directly across Masuo spent from the temple and long hours making consequently ofthings for the otera. fered her home, her many family and also her tools many neighbours set up in his home and friends to help basement and the at events taking items he made for place at the temple.



Koito Okano.

the otera were first The temple was not equipped with a kitchen or any class. Some of the other facility to serve the membership and support things he made were events at that time.

the *yagura* (stage) Mrs. Okano was entrusted with a key to the used for obon dancing (all parts numbered for easy temple so it was very convenient for Sunday School assembly), the *omikoshi* (for use in parades), the teachers to run across the street, pick up the key and

Between 1952 and 1966, she served as presiwhich can't be replaced or modernized), the dent nine times. Her dedication and "big heart" wooden trays for the Fujinkai, Bingo card storage were helpful during the most trying formative years

The foundation she laid for us has stood steadkept track of the names of executives, members fast and today we can proudly say that the Steveston and district representatives from 1952 and had his chapter is one of the most functional across Canada.

"Thank you very much, Koito-ba," with deep

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### **KAZUKO ATAGI**

daughters, Eileen, Lois, and Christine, first her daughter said, "she had her clothes laid out and appeared on the doorsteps of the Chatham Street was ready for Hanamatsuri". In true fashion, she

otera around 1957 -58. From that time on, she was a very dedicated member of our temple. Shortly after her arrival, Mrs. Atagi established herself the pianist/ as organist for the Dharma School. Her musical talent was incorporated soon into manv temple services –



Hanamatsuri, Obon and Ho on ko, to name a few.

Throughout the late 1950s, 60's, 70's, 80's and part of the 90's, Mrs. Atagi became "part of Canada in January 1928. They were relocated to the furniture", as the saying goes, at the Steveston Greenwood from 1942 to 1951. In Greenwood, he Buddhist Temple. There were times when we was a caretaker for the Roman Catholic Church and unintentionally took her presence for granted, as we maintained the largest vegetable garden in town. He expected to see her sitting on the corner pew ready was up at dawn to water and talk to the plants. to play the organ to accompany all the *gathas* that were to be sung.

temple life. She was the *Dharma* School treasurer after the *butsudan* altar for many, many years. He for many years. She served as secretary and treasurer could always be seen walking along Chatham Street for the Fujinkai at various times. When called upon, and, later, Garry Street, rain or shine, on his way she did her share of "kitchen duty" for the Bazaar, to the otera, which he considered his second home. Food Fair, sandwich making or chow mein events. Known as 'Totsan' by his many friends, he was Like so many of our dedicated *Fujinkai* members, loved by all of the members for his gentle manner. Mrs. Atagi volunteered her time with a spirit of He helped with a smile on his face. Reverend Ikuta generosity and compassion while working at Field's in Calgary remembers him as a naijinsan who loved Department Store in Richmond.

continued her trek to the Dharma School, but was people. now seen driving Pearl Niwatsukino and the three Nagata girls (Kari, Lorene and Kim). She was also to his grandchildren who remember him lovingly known to drive Brian Atagi, her nephew, to Dharma tending his flower and vegetable garden and always School. For anyone who needed a ride to the temple, picking the best flowers for the altar at the otera. Mrs. Atagi was there for them.

years. Sadly for our community, she passed away Mrs. Atagi, together with her three young the night before Hanamatsuri on April 3, 1994. As was always ready to serve.

> Thank you for your dedication and support, Mrs. Atagi.

> We miss you and hold you dear forever in our hearts.

# **YOKICHI ISHIDA**

Yokichi Ishida was born in Wakayama-ken in July 25, 1886 and came to Canada in 1904 to join his elder brother who was fishing on the Fraser River. He married Ren Oye while in Japan and had two daughters Tsurue (1908) and Eiko (1914). He became a naturalized Canadian citizen in 1908 and, in 1912, received his first fishing license. He fished for cod in Nanaimo and for salmon on the Fraser River.

His wife and younger daughter joined him in

In 1951, the family returned to Steveston where he volunteered his time as *naijin kakari*, But music was only one part of Mrs. Atagi's caretaker of the inner temple shrine, and looked to smoke up the *otera* with incense to make sure After raising her three daughters, Mrs. Atagi that Buddha heard the chants of the priest and the

He was 'Ojisan' to the children of friends and He was a believer in reincarnation and used it as a Mrs. Atagi served the temple for almost forty form of discipline. When one of them tried to kill an insect, he would stop them by saying "You will The following individuals were recorded to *come back as an ant or a bug if you're not a good* have received Ingo in the Steveston Temple: person in this life."

For his many years of devoted volunteer ser he was honoured with an Ingo from the Bishop.

He passed away on July 22, 1981 a few before his 95<sup>th</sup> birthday.

### SATSUE NAKA

Mrs. Satsue Naka was born in Steve in 1914. Around 1940, she married Kei Nak Kelowna. They had three sons and one daug and, after the marriage failed, she returned Steveston. She worked for about 15 years at cannery until she retired and moved to the Arm Navy Seniors Home in 1979.

When Mrs. Naka joined the Steveston Budd Temple, she would walk to the temple two or t times a week, carrying a bundle of cushions she took home in order to wash the covers. At temple, she would sweep the floors, the outside s and the entrance. She made many, many cush from the remnant samples that Mrs. Hambly Hambly's Draperies, gave her.

She also swept the streets in Steveston, pu weeds and picked up paper and garbage in the park. One year, she was honoured and recognized for her COMMENDATION good deeds in the July 1st Salmon Festival parade. The following individuals have received com-At the age of 81, Mrs. Naka suffered a massive mendations by the Steveston Buddhist Temple:

stroke and was found unconscious in the park. died six days later.

### INGO

Ingo was traditionally presented to indiv als who have passed on and were being recogn for their outstanding contributions and service their Temple and their promotion of the Jodo S shu Buddhism in the community. Individuals y also recognized for their special monetary dona to the BCC.

The names are recommended by the Ter elders or the family to the Minister for review then subsequently forwarded to the Bishop of H for a final review and to be given a Buddhist na An Ingo or posthumous name often prefaces the Homyo.

goou	nave received mgo m	the Stevesto
	Wakabayashi, Shige	24-Aug-73
rvice	Toyoda, Yoshiharu	11-Aug-74
).	Morishita, Eikichi	26-Jun-76
days	Okano, Koito	18-Jul-78
	Ishida, Yokichi	01-Jul-81
	Ikuta, Mino	08-Aug-83
	Takasaki, Kazuo	24-May-86
eston	Nishii, Frank	20-Nov-94
ka of	Akune, Yuiichi	03-Jul-95
ghter	Atagi, Kay	22-Jul-98
ed to	Tsumura, Isao	16-Aug-98
t the	Domai, Nobuo	29-Jan-00
ny &	Hamade, Hatsuyo	28-May-00
	Amadatsu, Toshi	17-Dec-02
dhist	Hamade, Hiroshi	22-Dec-03
three	Kuriyama, Kikuyo	15-May-05
that	Hibi, Tadasu	09-Jun-06
t the	Hashimoto, Masuo	30-Jun-07
steps	Yamamoto, John	30-Mar-08
nions	Koyanagi, George	12-Aug-09
y, of	Hamade, Itsuji	29-Jun-10
	Hamade, Kiyoko	01-Sep-10
ulled	Mukai, Sadako	30-Jan-11

She	Okano, Koito	April, 1992
	Naka, Satsue	April, 1992
	Amadatsu, Toshi	April, 1992
	Tsumura, Isao	April, 1994
vidu-	Hamade, Itsuji	April, 1994
nized	Domai, Nobuo	April, 1994
es to	Kokubo, Hideo	May, 1995
Shin-	Hamade, Hiroshi	May, 1995
were	Hamade, Kiyoko	June, 1996
ation	Murao, Toshio	September, 1998
	Akune, Shizuka	June, 1998
mple	Domai, Hisae	June, 1998
and	Mukai,Sadako	June, 1998
BCC	Higo, Haruko	September, 2002
ame.	-	
.1		

# Chapter 6

# FROM THE PAST TO THE FUTURE

In the previous chapters we have chronicled *laugh and told me it was in 1939 and he had just* the rich history of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. returned from Japan after his studies. He also told Building on this legacy from our pioneers, we have a me that from his home, he drove a very long way to beautiful temple, committed Sangha and the Dhar- New Westminster. Then he headed for Steveston, but ma. In this chapter, we are including the thoughts all he could see was farm after farm and thought he and dreams of our temple from our members includ- *must be going in the wrong direction*. Eventually, ing our younger members who are the future of the *he reached Steveston and found it to be a very nice* temple. place.

### **MEMORIES**

### by Alice Eriyo Kokubo (Sakiyama)

pictures.

The first memory that I can recall is of our until it was time to go home. church on First Avenue. I was one of many girls and sing "Hato-Po-Po" and make us laugh.

with two other girls singing "O-te te-o tsunaide". Later, during my elementary school days, a few of us STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE, AN went to the temple after school to practice "odori" APPRECIATION for the annual concert. I remember there were two by Elmer Morishita ladies who prepared dinner for us (onigiri, wieners,

T. Tsuji from Maple Ridge.

Years later at our temple, I spoke to Reverend I learned a bit, a little bit, about Buddhism and Tsuji about the occasion. He gave a very hearty made some friends at the Church.

Time passed and in the early 1950s our temple was on Chatham Street, a most nostalgic building. as it was the place I went to Kindergarten. Our Sunday School had an attendance of 135 youngsters As I walked along the hallway of photographs and the teenagers of the group all helped the Sunday in our temple during the 75<sup>th</sup> Anniversary festivities, School teachers. I'm sure that many of the helpers many childhood memories flooded over me. I am of those days remember sweeping the hall before the seated in the front row in one photograph in "ochigo service when there was a Japanese movie held the san" regalia at about 4 years of age. From that evening before, or trying to start the big old wood age I can see myself growing older in succeeding burning furnace downstairs so we could have some heat upstairs. All we got was thick bellowing smoke

Now, more than 80 years after our forefathers boys attending Sunday School. On the right hand first laid the foundation for us, we have a beautiful side of the Hondo sat the girls and, on the other temple of which we can all be proud. We should give side, sat all the boys. We all sat on long wooden thanks for all their hard work and many personal benches. Occasionally, Mr. Hato would come and sacrifices over those many years. Let us not take At kindergarten age, I made my stage debut wonderful memories for our future generations.

My introduction to Jodo Shinshu Buddhism and takuwan or sometimes sukiyaki). What a treat! started in Toronto, being taken to the Toronto I was about 9 years old when a guest minister Buddhist Church by my parents. As youngsters we spoke to the children in English! We all sat attended services, enjoyed the bazaars and as teens mesmerized by his dharma talk. He was Reverend joined some of the Young Buddhist group activities. Attending the Church was a family and social event.

this for granted and also endeavour to leave some

interests and activities occupied my time. When but which I do so now with many thanks. our family moved back to Vancouver, we were busy establishing ourselves and keeping busy with our the Dharma and the Sangha, our Three Treasures. friends and relatives and with our son's various With them we can all rejoice in the teachings within activities.

A few years ago, I started to attend the attain peace and enlightenment. Steveston Buddhist Temple and eventually became a *member. I joined this Temple since this is where my* parents attended Sunday School and services. As well, some of our family relatives and friends were also members. My uncle and aunt encouraged me We were all very young and we went there to see to join and so I did. They and others were able to our friends and it was a happy place to be. They point out the picture of my mother and my aunt in a gave out manju occasionally and there was tea group photo from the 1930s hanging in the history after services. I used to love hearing Mak's stories hallway at the temple. As I talk with some of the every Sunday when we went, and I remember not senior members, some of whom know my parents, I liking chanting all too much. Julia and I used to am reminded of them and their lives.

and feel I can indeed put my trust in Amida Buddha. we left that day. We were pretty good at that. I also feel that I am following the same path as my lectures and talking with our members. The SBT to eat, and take some home for later.... has had and has many excellent ministers teaching and experience.

At the SBT, I try to participate and help so little - they watched us grow up. whether on the Board or on committees or baking some cookies or by just holding the door open for Steveston, with our Dharma classmates. We all members, just trying to be helpful. In the process, I learned together from Shinobu and Naomi and have met many of our old family relatives and friends practiced on tires. We worked hard to get better and many new ones. They are all very friendly and but we were just a bunch of kids and our skills welcoming and dedicated to the Temple.

Anniversary celebration and with the History and always enjoyed playing at Temple functions. Book. These projects made me more aware and Hopefully, people recognized that and appreciated appreciative of the hard work and dedication of our all of our hard work. We are glad to be a part of ancestors. In particular, I am grateful to my parents the history of the Temple.

I drifted away from the Church as I went to for their sacrifices and guidance which I may not university and then to work in Montreal. Other have appreciated so much while I was growing up

> The Temple's future is bright with the Buddha, our beautiful temple with our fellow members and

## **MEMORIES**

# by Jillian Masuhara

Hmm...well.... In the beginning it was good. chant at an octave higher than everyone so we At the Temple, I learned more about the could sound more harmonious. I don't think it really Buddha, his teachings and Amida Buddha. I've worked. We also used to braid the little book markers come to appreciate the teachings of Shinran Shonin and we made sure that we braided all of them before

I remember the food that the Fujinkai made parents and relatives who have passed away and will being absolutely amazing and I would come to help hopefully join them. I continue to learn about Jodo out at food fairs and clean ups just so I could eat Shinshu Buddhism by attending service, attending the food. I didn't really want to help, I just wanted

Everyone was so friendly and they felt like the Dharma and many interesting and thoughtful a second family to me. We would all be there every members. As well, we are lucky to have many Sunday, helping out at different functions, eating excellent guest ministers sharing their knowledge together at the barbeques in the summer. They all knew us (me, Kelly, Nikki) from when we were

We were the ones that helped start Taiko in grew as we did. We were so nervous doing our first I was lucky to have helped with the 80th performance at the Temple Obon. We got better

# GHOST IN OUR OTERA A Story by Mak Ikuta

This story is from many, many years ago. There was an elderly man, Mr. Ishida (Sam Shinde's years. He came to the temple every day. One day me. We went bowling after that. there was news that a member, Mr. Choichiro Morizawa, drowned up north during his fishing trip. Mr. Ishida said that he saw Mr. Morizawa in the Shoji (9), Eve Katayama (10) hondo. I asked Mr. Ishida what did the figure look like. This story spooked Mr. Masuo Hashimoto who teach us to think, to love and to be thankful. was a long time recording secretary of the temple. One night he was running the Gestetner printing machine and the air vent in the ceiling of the

*Mr.* Hashimoto became so rattled he rushed out and didn't remember whether he turned out the lights. Have you experienced such a phenomenon?

# DHARMA SCHOOL, 2011. THOUGHTS FOR THE SBT HISTORY BOOK

Jaren Yamaoka (5)

I like Sensei's stories and I like doing crafts. grandfather) who looked after the naijin for many Finn from my school came to Dharma School with

# Erin Ikuta (7), Courtney Ikuta (8), Honoka

We love going to Dharma School! We learn what the Dharma is all about. We have a service "He appeared distinctly from the waist and Sensei tells us stories about the Buddha, some up, but faded below and I couldn't see his legs." special people and special animals. The stories

# Rio Weil (10)

At Dharma School we study Buddhism. We corridor outside the office, creaked and banged. also chant "Gassho to Amida" and recite the "Golden Chain". Sometimes we go on outings, like bowling.

# **APPENDICES**

Every effort has been made to include all those individuals who have helped to make the Steveston Buddhist Temple what it is today. We apologize for any unintended omissions or errors in the following photographs and tables.

# Appendix I. Ministers Assigned to the Steveston Buddhist Temple Pre-War Era, 1933 - 1942

Rev. MASATSUGU MOHRI, 1933 – 1938



*Rev. TOSHIO KATATSU, 1938 – 1942* 

# Appendix I (continued).



*Rev. HOSHIN OKADA, 1971 – 1982* 

# Post-Evacuation Era, 1952 - 1962



*Rev. SHINJO IKUTA*, 1954 - 1958: 1963 - 1966

# Garry Street Era, 1963 - 2010



Rev. TAKAAKI NAGATANI, 1966 - 1970



*Rev. KYOJO IKUTA, 1958 - 1962* 



Rev. SAMMI KIRIBAYASHI, 1988 – 1996



Rev. TAKAMICHI TAKAHATAKE, 1970 - 1971



Rev. NARIYUKI HATTORI *(ISHIYAMA), 1997 – 1998; 2003 - 2005* 



*Rev. GYOSHO ABE, 1982 – 1988* 



Rev. YASUO IZUMI, 1998 - 2002



Rev. MASUMI KIKUCHI, 2005 - 2008

# Appendix II. Steveston Buddhist Temple Presidents Post-Evacuation Era, 1952 - 1962



EIKICHI MORISHITA, *1952 – 1954:* 

YONEICHI SAKAI, FO 1960



YUICHI AKUNE, *1955 – 1956:* 1964 - 1965



HIROSHI

HAMADE,

1969: 1973

YOSHIHARU SHINDE, 1961 – 1962

# Garry Street Era, 1963 - 2010



NOBUO DOMAI, 1966 - 1967: 1969 - 1970

**YOSHINOBU** 

TOYODA,

1971 – 1972



1974 - 1978



TAKEMI MIYAZAKI, 1982 - 1983: 1986 - 1987













*KAZUO* 

TAKASAKI,

1984 - 1985



2009



KAWABATA, 2000 - 2004:



# Appendix III. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STEVESTON **BUDDHIST TEMPLE**

The following Board of Directors managed the operations of the temple (taken from early records):

1927-1928:	
President	Jiromatsu Ushirode
Treasurer	Fukumatsu Nakano
Auditor	Kuranosuke Hashimoto
Directors	Toramatsu Itoh
	Inosuke Yamamoto
	Kikumatsu Murakami
	Kiyomatsu Nakagawa



1995 - 1996

ATAGI, 1968 **ISAO** 

TSUMURA,

TOSHIO MURAO, 1981

ROY



AKUNE, 1988 - 1994

JACK

1929-1939:	
President	Kuranosuke Hashimoto
Treasurer	Kuranosuke Hashimoto
Directors	Unosuke Shimono
	Tatsunosuke Shibata
	Seijiro Koba
	Kikumatsu Murakami
	Yoshimatsu Niide
	Fukumatsu Sakiyama

# Appendix IV. ARCHIVE LIST OF PAST EXECUTIVES OF THE STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE

Appendix IV	Appendix IVa.							
Year								
Position	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
President	E. Morishita	E. Morishita	E. Morishita	Y. Akune	Y. Akune	E. Morishita	Y. Akune	T. Niwatsukin
Vice-Pres.	T. Niwatsukino	T. Niwatsukino	T. Niwatsukino	A. Murakami	T. Niwatsukino	A. Murakami	T. Niwatsukino	Y. Akune
Chairman	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	M. Hori	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka
Vice-Chair.	K. Atagi	Y. Akune	G. Kobayashi	T. Kawasaki	M. Hori	G. Kobayashi	G. Kobayashi	G. Kobayashi
Treasurer	A. Murakami	A. Murakami	I. Hamade	Y. Toyota	Y. Toyota	S. Asari	S. Asari	S. Asari
Vice-Treas.	K. Sakiyama	K. Sakiyama	Y. Toyota	-	H. Okano	M. Teraguchi	M. Teraguchi	H. Uyeda
Secretary	N. Domai	N. Domai	N. Domai	M. Hashimoto	N. Domai	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura+
Vice-Secr.	K. Nishii	K. Nishii	K. Nishii	H. Yoneda	I. Hamade	H. Hamade	-	-
English Secr.	-	-	-	K. Nishii	K. Nishii	K. Nishii	K. Nishii	K. Nishii
Recording Secr.	-	I. Hamade	M. Hashimoto	Y. Maede	Y. Maede	Y. Maede	Y. Maede	-
Auditor	M. Tanigami	H. Okano	S. Uyeyama	H. Yoneda	K. Sakiyama	T. Miyazaki	T. Miyazaki	S. Uyeyama
Auditor	M. Higo	S. Uyeyama	H. Okano	Y. Maede	S. Uyeyama	H. Okano	K. Sakiyama	K. Sakiyama
Auditor	-	T. Maekawa	T. Maekawa	T. Hikida	E. Sakata	K. Sakiyama	S. Uyeyama	F. Koyama
Auditor	-	Y. Toyota	T. Miyazaki	T. Hibi	T. Maekawa	I. Hamade	T. Maekawa	H. Hamade
+ - Japanese Sec	retary							

				Year				
Position	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
President	Y. Sakai	Y. Shinde	Y. Shinde	Y. Akune	Y. Akune	Y. Shinde	N. Domai	N. Domai
Vice-Pres.	A. Murakami	K. Nishikihama	K. Nishikihama	N. Domai	Y. Shinde	Y. Sakai	I. Hamade	I. Hamade
Chairman	S. Suzuki	S. Suzuki	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	H. Hamade	H. Hamade
Vice-Chair.	M. Hori	S. Mizuyabu	Y. Takasaki	-	-	I. Hamade	Y. Toyota	Y. Toyota
Treasurer	S. Asari	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	K.Yukawa
Vice-Treas.	-	-	I. Hamade	K. Atagi	M. Hashimoto	K.Yukawa	R. Akune	R. Akune
Secretary	I. Tsumura+	Y. Takasaki+	Y. Takasaki+	I. Tsumura+	I. Tsumura+	I. Tsumura+	K.Nishikihama	I. Tsumura
English Secr.	K. Nishii	K. Atagi	T. Narukami	K. Nishii	R. Akune	K. Nishii	K.Yukawa	M. Ikuta
Recording Secr.	-	Y. Maede	-	-	-	-	M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto
Auditor	S. Mukai	Y. Oura	F. Koyama	F. Koyama	T. Miyazaki	T. Miyazaki	K. Matsuo	K. Matsuo
Auditor	T. Miyazaki	S. Nishihama	Y. Oura	S. Mukai	F. Koyama	F. Koyama	T. Inana	S. Mukai
Auditor	Y. Toyota	H. Yoneda	S. Uyeyama	H. Okano	Y. Oura	S. Mukai	H. Sakai	T. Inana
Auditor	S. Nishihama	E. Sakata	H. Yoneda	K. Sakiyama	S. Mukai	Y. Oura	M. Sakai	H. Sakai

Appendix IVc.							
Position	1968	1969	1970				
President	K. Atagi	Hamade/Domai	N. Domai				
Vice-Pres.	H. Hamade	-	Y. Toyota				
Chairman	Y. Shinde	I. Hamade	I. Hamade				
Vice-Chair.	N. Domai	Y. Toyota	H. Tanaka				
Treasurer	K.Yukawa	K. Atagi	K. Atagi				
Vice-Treas.	-	-	K. Takasaki				
Secretary	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura				
English Secr.	M. Ikuta	K. Nishii	K. Nishii				
Recording Secr.	M. Hashimoto	K. Takasaki	K. Takasaki				
Auditor	T. Inana	T. Inana	T. Inana				
Auditor	K. Matsuo	S. Mukai	K. Matsuo				
Auditor	S. Mukai	K. Matsuo	T. Miyazaki				
Auditor	T. Miyazaki	H. Tanaka	S. Mukai				

Appendix IV	d		
Position	1976	1977	1978
President	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura
Vice-Pres.	K. Atagi	H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka
Chairman	K. Takasaki	K. Takasaki	H. Sakai
Vice-Chair.	H. Sakai	H. Okano	K. Takasaki
Treasurer	M. Kokubo	M. Kokubo	M. Kokubo
Vice-Treas.	M. Sakai	K. Atagi	K. Atagi
Secretary	M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto
English Secr.	Y. Kobayashi	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta
Recording Secr.	M. Hashimoto	-	-
Auditor	T. Hibi	T. Inana	T. Inana
Auditor	T. Inana	T. Hibi	T. Hibi
Auditor	K. Matsuo	K. Matsuo	T. Tanaka
Auditor	T. Tanaka	T. Tanaka	T. Miyazaki
* - Mrs.			

Year				
1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Y. Toyota	Y. Toyota	H. Hamade	I. Tsumura	I. Tsumura
M. Sakai	T. Miyazaki	N. Domai	K. Atagi	K. Atagi
K. Nishii	K. Nishii	H. Sakai	H. Sakai	K. Takasaki
H. Tanaka	H. Tanaka	K. Nishii	K. Takasaki	H. Sakai
K. Atagi	M. Kokubo	M. Kokubo	M. Kokubo	M. Kokubo
M. Kokubo	I. Hamade	K. Atagi	M. Sakai	M. Sakai
I. Tsumura	M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto
R. Akune	G. Koyanagi	Y. Kobayashi	Y. Kobayashi	Y. Kobayashi
M. Hashimoto				
S. Mukai	T. Inana	I. Tsumura	T. Hibi	T. Hibi
T. Hibi	T. Hibi	T. Hibi	K. Matsuo	K. Matsuo
J. Yamamoto	K. Matsuo	K. Matsuo	T. Inana	T. Inana
H. Sakai	H. Sakai	T. Inana	I. Hamade	T. Tanaka

Year				
1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
-	-	T. Murao	T. Miyazaki	T. Miyazaki
-	-	K. Atagi	T. Murao	T. Murao
H. Sakai	K. Takasaki	K. Takasaki	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta
H. Okano				
M. Kokubo	C. Narukami*	C. Narukami*	M. H. Sakai*	M. H. Sakai*
K. Atagi	K. Atagi	K. Atagi	K. Atagi	K. Ikuta*
M. Hashimoto	M. Hashimoto	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	K. Ikuta*
M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	-	-	-
-	-	R. Akune	R. Akune	R. Akune
T. Inana	T. Hibi	T. Hibi	T. Sakai	E. Harada
T. Hibi	T. Inana	T. Tanaka	K. Tasaka	K. Nishii
T. Tanaka	I. Yamamoto	I. Yamamoto	K. Atagi	H.Sakai
I. Yamamoto	T. Tanaka	I. Tsumura	E. Harada	K. Tasaka

				Year				
Position	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
President	K. Takasaki	K. Takasaki	T. Miyazaki	T. Miyazaki	R. Akune	R. Akune	R. Akune	R. Akune
Vice-Pres.	H. Sakai	K. Nishii	H. Sakai					
Chairman	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	-	-
Vice-Chair.	H. Okano	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasurer	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	K. Ikuta	K.Ikuta
Secretary	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*	J. Ikuta*
Recording Secr.	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta
Auditor	Y. Maede	E. Harada	E. Harada	E. Harada	E. Harada	E. Harada	E. Harada	E. Harada
Auditor	K. Atagi	T. Sakai	T. Sakai	T. Sakai	K. Atagi	Y. Maede	Y. Maede	H. Okano
Auditor	E. Harada	H.Sakai	Y. Maede	Y. Maede	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima
Auditor	T. Yamashita	I. Nishi	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Murao	T. Murao	T. Murao	T. Murao
Auditor * - Mrs.	T. Yamashita	I. Nishi	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Murao	T. Murao	T. Murao	T. Mur

Appendix IVj	f.									
Year										
Position	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999		
President	R. Akune	R. Akune	R. Akune	Mitts Sakai	Mitts Sakai	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta		
Vice-Pres.	H. Sakai	H. Sakai	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	R. Akune	R. Akune	Mitts Sakai		
Treasurer	K.Ikuta	K.Ikuta	J. Yamamoto							
Secretary	J. Ikuta*									
Recording Secr.	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	R. Hamaura	R. Hamaura	M. Ogawa	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	J. Kawabata		
Auditor	E. Harada	S. Morishita								
Auditor	J. Yamamoto	H. Okano	S. Morishita	I. Tsumura	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	S. Morishita	T. Miyazaki		
Auditor	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Sameshima	T. Murao	T. Murao	T. Miyazaki	T. Murao		
Auditor	S. Morishita	T. Murao	T. Murao	H. Sakai	H. Sakai	H. Sakai	D. Narukami	H. Okano		
* - Mrs.										

Appendix IV	g.								
Year									
Position	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
President	K. Ikuta	J. Kawabata	J. Kawabata	J. Kawabata	J. Kawabata	L. Ryan	L. Ryan	L. Ryan	
Vice-Pres.	L. Ryan	D. Narukami	L. Ryan	K. Domai	L. Ryan	K. Domai	K. Domai	K. Domai	
Chairman	-	-	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Domai	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	K. Ikuta	
Treasurer	M. Sakai	M. Sakai	M. Sakai	M. Sakai	B. Sakamoto	B. Sakamoto	B. Sakamoto	B. Sakamoto	
Secretary	I. Akune	-	J. Ang	I. Akune	I. Akune	I. Akune	I. Akune	I. Akune	
Vice-Secr.	-	-	I. Akune	H. Yoshihara	-	-	-	-	
Recording Secr.	-	J. Ang	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Auditor	-	H. Hamade	-	-	K. Ikuta	J. Kawabata	J. Kawabata	J. Kawabata	
Auditor	-	S. Morishita	-	-	T. Miyazaki	R. Akune	R. Akune	R. Akune	
Auditor	-	T. Miyazaki	-	-	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	M. Ikuta	
Auditor	-	T. Murao	-	-	J. Hazama	J. Hazama	D. Masuhara	J. Ikuta	

Appendix IV	g.						
				Year			
Position	2008	2009	2010	2011			
President	K. Domai	J. Kawabata	B. Sakamoto	B. Sakamoto	-	-	-
Vice-Pres.	L. Ryan	R. Akune/F. Ang	L. Ryan/J. Kawabata	L. Ryan/J. Kawabata	-	-	-
Chairman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasurer	B. Sakamoto	K. Suzuki	K. Suzuki	K. Suzuki	-	-	-
Secretary	I. Akune	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	-	-	-
Vice-Secr.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recording Secr.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auditor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auditor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auditor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auditor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Appendix V. ARCHIVE LIST OF PAST FUJINKAI EXECUTIVES OF THE STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE

Appendix \	va.			N				
~	40.50	10.50		Year	10-1		10.00	10.50
Position	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
President	K. Okano	K. Okano	S. Mukai	S. Mukai	S. Mukai	K. Okano	K. Okano	H. Sakata
Vice-Pres.	S. Akune	S. Akune	T. Tanigami	S. Akune	S. Akune	S. Akune	S. Akune	C. Koyama
Treasurer	H. Domai	H. Domai	S. Tanaka	K. Hamade	K. Hamade	K. Hamade	K. Hamade	S. Nishi
Vice-Treas.	Y. Uyeyama	Y. Uyeyama	K. Osaka	S. Tanaka	Y. Uyeyama	S. Tanaka	S. Tanaka	C. Sakata
Secretary	Mrs. Maekawa	Mrs. Maekawa	C. Koyama	H. Domai	H. Domai	-	H. Domai	K. Kuriyama
Vice-Secr.	S. Nishi	S. Nishi	T. Ogawa	-	S. Hashimoto	-	S. Hashimoto	Y. Nishihama
Appendix \	Vb.							
				Year				
Position	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
President	K. Okano	K. Okano	S. Mukai	S. Mukai	K. Okano	K. Okano	K. Okano	S. Mukai
Vice-Pres.	K. Hamade	K. Hamade	H. Domai	K. Hamade	K. Hamade	S. Akune	-	K. Hamade
Treasurer	C. Sakata	S. Akune	S. Akune	S. Nishi	T. Amadatsu	C. Koyama	-	T. Amadatsu
Vice-Treas.	S. Nishi	S. Hashimoto	S. Hashimoto	S. Tanaka	S. Tanaka	H. Hamade	-	-
Secretary	K. Nishihama	H. Domai	K. Nishihama	T. Amadatsu	-	H. Domai	-	S. Akune
Vice-Secr.	S. Tanaka	T. Kariya	C. Koyama	C. Koyama	-	C. Sakata	-	-
Appendix \	Vc.							
				Year				
Position	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Director	H. Domai	H. Domai	T. Amadatsu	S. Akune	S. Akune	T. Amadatsu	T. Amadatsu	M. Kobayasł
Director	S. Akune	S. Akune	K. Hamade	F. Takeuchi	K. Kuriyama	F. Takeuchi	K. Hamade	K. Hamade
Director	F. Takeuchi	F. Takeuchi	T. Mukai	S. Nishi	C. Sakata	H. Hamade	F. Takeuchi	T. Sakai
Director	C. Sakata	C. Sakata	S. Nishi	K. Kuriyama	T. Ogawa	C. Sakata	M. Yoshida	T. Ogawa

Appendix	Appendix Vd.										
				Year							
Position	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983			
Director	H. Hamade	C. Sakata	T. Amadatsu	K. Hamade	T. Sakai	H. Hamade	H. Higo	K. Hamade			
Director	C. Sakata	S. Akune	K. Hamade	M. Kobayashi	H. Hamade	C. Sakata	S. Hashimoto	T. Sakai			
Director	T. Ogawa	T. Amadatsu	M. Kobayashi	T. Sakai	M. Sameshima	H. Higo	K. Hamade	M. Sameshima			
Director	T. Sakai	H. Hamade	H. Higo	M. Sameshima	K. Kuriyama	T. Amadatsu	S. Miyazaki	S. Hashimoto			

Appendix	Ve.								
Year									
Position	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	
Director	T. Sakai	T. Amadatsu	H. Higo	T. Sakai	K. Hamade	H. Hamade	H. Higo	T. Sakai	
Director	H. Hamade	C. Sakata	S. Miyazaki	K. Hamade	T. Sakai	H. Higo	A. Kokubo	H. Hamade	
Director	M. Sameshima	H. Hamade	I. Akune	-	H. Hamade	K. Hamade	-	H. Higo	
Director	-	H. Higo	-	-	-	-	-	M. Sameshima	

Appendix V	7f.		
Position	1992	1993	1994
Treasurer	I. Akune	C. Narukami	I. Akune
Vice-Treas.	-	-	-
Secretary	K. Kuriyama	J. Ikuta	-
Vice-Secr.	M. Hamaura	-	-
Director	T. Sakai	H. Higo	H. Higo
Director	H. Higo	H. Hamade	H. Hamade
Director	M. Sameshima	S. Miyazaki	-
Director	H. Hamade	-	-

Appendix V	νg.								
Year									
Position	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Treasurer	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	J. Ikuta	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	
Vice-Treas.	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta	H. Yoshihara	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta	
Secretary	I. Akune								
Vice-Secr.	M. Hamaura								
Director	A. Kokubo	K. Murao	T. Sakai	T. Sakai	K. Murao	S. Morizawa	M. Morishita	M. Toyoda	
Director	H. Higo	A. Kokubo	H. Higo	K. Murao	S. Morizawa	C. Narukami	M. H. Sakai	M. Kobayashi	
Director	H. Oye	H. Higo	S. Morizawa	S. Morizawa	T. Sakai	T. Sakai	S. Morizawa	K. Nishi	
Director	T. Tasaka	T. Sakai	M. Morishita	-	-	M. Morishita	-	J. Koyanagi	

# Appendix Vh.

Position	2008	2009	2010
Treasurer	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara
Vice-Treas.	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta	J. Ikuta
Secretary	I. Akune	I. Akune	I. Akune
Vice-Secr.	M. Hamaura	M. Hamaura	M. Hamaura
Director	K. Nishi	C. Nakatsu	M. H. Sakai
Director	K. Yamashita	M. Toyoda	I. Akune
Director	M. Morishita	M. Tani	C. Nakatsu
Director	C. Tasaka	K. Yamashita	-

Year				
1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
H. Yoshihara	H. Yoshihara	J. Ikuta	K. Niwatsukino	H. Yoshihara
-	-	H. Yoshihara	-	-
H. Yoshihara	M. Hamaura	I. Akune	J. Ikuta	M. Hamaura
K. Kuriyama	M. Sameshima	-	-	-
M. Sameshima	T. Sakai	A. Kokubo	U. Sakamoto	K. Murao
T. Sakai	K. Kuriyama	H. Oye	M. Nakano	H. Higo
-	-	H. Higo	M. H. Sakai	K. Kuriyama
-	-	T. Tasaka	M. Kobayashi	T. Sakai

Year

# Appendix VI. DHARMA SCHOOL ADVISORS SINCE 1952

(Dharma Schools were officially re-opened in temples across Canada in 1952)

Yuichi Akune Nobuo Domai George Osaka Tokutaro Teramura

# Appendix VII. STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE DHARMA SCHOOL TEACHERS AND ASSISTANTS (1952 to 2010)

Akizuki, Charlene Akune, Roy, Daisy, Bob, Misaye Atagi, Kazuko Domai, Kiyo, Toshiko, Betty Domai, Reiko Hamaura, Caroline Hibi, Mika, Kayo Hirose, Tammy Ikuta, Makoto, Kuni, June Inouye, Ray Iwata, Genevieve Iwase, Mayumi Kjar, Mildred

Kobayashi, Nancy Kokubo, Etsuko Miyazaki, Bill Miyazaki, Patti Mivazaki, Suzie Morishita, Betty, Henry Morishita, Gay Morishita, Michiyo Mukai, Grace, Roy Murao, Louise, Joyce Nakano, Daisy Nakano, Donna Nishi, Audrey

Nishi, Itoko Nishihama, Hisako Ogawa, Tomoye, Miffy Okada, Tokiko(minister's wife) Okano, Tokiko Osaka,Hiroko Oura, Chivoko, Sadavo Sakai, Sally Sakamoto, Jean Sakamoto, Alisa Sakata, Yoneko, Marjory Sakiyama, Alice, Peggy, Noriko Tabata, June

Taguchi, Yoshio Takasaki, Mavumi Takasaki, Toshiko Takasaki, Akiko Tanaka, Hitomi Teramura, Kay Teranishi, Peggy Toyoda, Ken Turner, Shannon Yamamoto, Elaine Yamashita, Karen Yoshida Etsuko Yoshihara, Hiroko

# Appendix VIII. STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDENTS (1952 to 2011)

Michael

Joyce, Dick

Akizuki, Aya Katayama, Shanti, Eve, Fiona Akune, Ted, Robert, Daisy, Misaye, Kawabata, Jack, Yosh, Victor, Norma Akune, Brian, Sharon, Steven Kawasaki, Roy, Julie Akune, Aaron Kimura, Jane, Rosa, Evelvn Araki, Robert, Kyle Kimura, Nina Arima, Lena Kimura, Susan, Kumi, Kevin Atagi, Brian Kiribayashi, Kazuki, Mari, Eri Atagi, Eileen, Lois, Christine Kishi. Christina Aulad-Maclet, Celine Bessler, Robert, Justin Kitade, Jennifer, Vickie, Yvor Booth. Brooke. Laura Kjar, Kjeld (Kel), Bradley, Rid Campbell, Brendan, Ryan Klarreich, Joev Chan, Stacey Kobayashi, Andrew Cheung, Kaito, Akito, Ellie Kobayashi, Ashley, Austin Chung, Gary, Kitty Kobayashi, Fred, Mary, Stanl DeSouza, Katelyn Kokubo, Tsuneko, Etsuko Domae, Donna Kokubo, Joanne, Christine, A Domai, Kiyo, Toshiko, Hiroko, Koii Komori, Sachi Domai, Reiko Koyama, May, Roy Even, Coral Koyanagi, Thomas, Ruby, Br Gow, Julia Kubo, Iris Hamada, Lori Kurahashi. Naomi Hamade, Elsie Kuramoto, Sumire Hamade, Lorne, Arthur, Dennis Kuriyama, Richard, Kathy, Pa Hamade, Spencer, Bryce Lewis, Annie Hamade, Alicia, Emi Maede, Diane, Judy Hamaguchi, Leslie, Wayne, Ken, Masuhara, Jillian, Kelly, Nico Glen, Lori Matsumura, Myrna, Janet Hamanishi, Bradley, Daryl Matsumura, Linda, Laverne Matsuyama, David, Jimmy Hamaura, Bob Hamaura, Kim, Dean Miyai, Grant Hamaura, Karen, Christine, Wendy Miyazaki, Bill Hamaura, Richard, Cindy Miyazaki, Debbie, Patti, Gary Hamaura, Larry, Roy, Caroline, Martin Mizuyabu, Mary, Sanae, Dale Hibi, Mika, Kayo, Yumi, Carey Morimoto, Massey, Bobby, Jo Higo, Naomi, Setsuko, Keiko Higo, Wesley, Valerie, Susan, Hugh Morishita, Joy, Gay, Brian, He Hikida, Darlene, Gary, Craig, Tami Morizawa, Hiromi, Leo, Geor Hinada, Cassandra, Alexandra Hirose, Gary, Jack, Tim, Tammy, Morizawa, Carvn Lisa Mukai, Bob, Tom Hirose, Setsuko Mukai, Grace, Keith Hori, Glenn Murakami, Barbara Hori, Hiromi, Ronnie, Kenneth Murao, Leanne Ikari, Linda, Brian, Alan Murao, Mary Ikuta, Denise, Kevin Murao, Kay, Ray, Louise, Ker Ikuta, Arthur, Dylan, Courtney, Erin Inouve, Tod, Jay, Lisa Nagata, Kari, Lorene, Kim Iwase, Takeo, Tetsuo Nakano, Daisy Iwata Ruth Nakano, Donna, Leonard, Sh Izumi, Ernie Nakano, Kathleen Jensen, Hiroshi Nakatsuru, Dennis, Gary, Kel Kariya, Florence, Victor, Eleanor, Alan Narukami, Dennis Kariya, Masaru, Koji, Yoriko, Tosh Nishi, Arlene, Robert

'Please excuse any unintended errors or omissions of names"

Shanti, Eve, Fiona	Nishi, Audrey, Julie, Susan, Eric
Jack, Yosh, Victor,	Nishi, Corinne
Michael	Nishi, Grant, Brian, Lori
Roy, Julie	Nishi, Itoko
ane, Rosa, Evelyn	Nishi, Kenny, Gail, Diane, David
ina	Nishi, Scott
Susan, Kumi, Kevin	Nishida, Tatsumasa, Tatsunori
ni, Kazuki, Mari, Eri,	Nishihama, Hisako, Noriko,
Noriko	Sharon, Frances
ristina	Nishii, Susie, June, Sharon, Kenny
nnifer, Vickie, Yvonne	Nishii, Larry, Diane
l (Kel), Bradley, Ricky	Nishikihama, Steven, Erika
Joey	Nishikihama, Joy, Linda, Kenny,
, Andrew	Karen, Michael,
, Ashley, Austin	Philip, Kevin
, Fred, Mary, Stanley	Nitta, Karen, Susie, Charlene, Janet
suneko, Etsuko	Niwatsukino, Clifford, Janice,
Ioanne, Christine, Amy,	Yumi
Michael	Niwatsukino, Pearl
Sachi	Noguchi, Erika, Kent, Louis
May, Roy	Nomura, Nancy
Thomas, Ruby, Bruce	Ogawa, Miffy, Thomas, Tomoye
Noomi	Ohashi, Kaoru, Ryo, Kay, Ben
, Naomi	Okada, Nori, Yuka, Mona
, Sumire Richard, Kathy, Paul	Oldham, Justin
	Osaka, Hiroko, Irene
nie jana Judy	Oshiro, Terry, Audrey, Cindy
iane, Judy Jillian, Kelly, Nicole	Oura, Sadayo, Chiyoko, Seichi,
a, Myrna, Janet	Kazuyo Peach-Phillips, Zachary, Reiko
a, Linda, Laverne	Ryan, Lee
a, David, Jimmy	Sakai, Lillian
int	Sakai, Keiko, Alan
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Debbie, Patti, Gary,	Sakai, Sally, Elaine, Kay
Derek	Sakai, Mark, Steve, Sharon, Lynn
Mary, Sanae, Dale	Sakamoto, Jean, Crystal, Sherry,
Massey, Bobby, John,	David
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Joy, Gay, Brian, Herb	Sakamoto, Alisa, Glenn
Hiromi, Leo, George,	Sakamoto, Jay, Terry
Paul	Sakata, Koko, Kotaro
Caryn	Sakata, Yoshiaki, Yoneko, Marjory,
ob, Tom	Hozumi
race, Keith	Sakiyama, Nobby, Noriko, Butch,
, Barbara	Ally, Joy
eanne	Sameshima, Leonard, Wayne,
ary	Janice
ay, Ray, Louise, Kenny,	Sameshima, Danny, Vickie,
byce, Dick	Ronnie, Brian
ari, Lorene, Kim	Sameshima, Lorraine, JoAnn,
Daisy	Teresa
Donna, Leonard, Sheila	Sameshima, Raymond, Elaine
athleen	Sameshima, Miles
, Dennis, Gary, Kelly,	Shigeno, Maya, Rika
Sherry	Shinde, Ann, Donald, Douglas,
Dennis	Nancy

Shoji, Honoka, Kippei Shivoji, Lorraine, Dennis, Kenneth Terry, Sharon, Gail Suga, Tai, Riku Sugimoto, Alana Suzuki, Diane, Richard, Beverly, Shirley Tabata, Ian, Julie Tabata, Bonnie, Claire Tabata, June Tabata, Donald, Glen Takasaki, Akiko Takasaki, Mayumi Takeuchi, Steven, Mika Tamaki, Isao, Yoshito, Akira Tanaka, Darlene Tanaka, Yoshimi, Hitomi, Eddy Tanigami, Amy Tasaka, Ricky, Randy, Susan, Jennifer Tasaka, Chad Terai, Aleisha Teramura, Kay, Yosh, Kenny Teranishi, Betty, Peggy, Dick, Bobby, Joyce, Linda Touzin, Jordan Toyoda, Ken Toyoda, Linda, Ruby, Tracy Tsuyuki, Mika, Blake Turner, Anne, Sam, Amy Uyeda, Doreen, Elsie, Jeffrey Uyeno, Issei, Maia, Alexa Uveno, Debbie-Lynn Ward, Leah Watanabe, Robert, Andy Weil, Rio, Kento Whittier, Taro, Shoji, Yamada, Nicholas Yamamoto, Ray, Elaine, Grace Yamamoto, Judy, Caroline Yamamoto, Ryan, Lori, Todd, Norine Yamamoto, Marlene, Cathy, Sherrie Yamamoto, Nao, Taku Yamanaka, Midori Yamaoka, Jaren, Tanner Yamashita, Karen, Douglas, Alan, Shirley Yesaki, Michelle Yodogawa, Patsy Yokota, Haruko, Teruo Yoneda, Sharon Yoshida, Etsuko, Yasuo, Hiroko Yoshida, David, Ben, Judy Yoshihara, Duane, Karen

# **PHOTOGRAPHS:**

These pages include photograpths of our members, our events and our temples. Some still requires documentation as to the exact time, place and occasion. We've included a large number of photographs so readers will be able to find themselves, family members and friends in some of them. We hope the readers of this history will be able to help us with this documentation and make our records more complete.

a. Steveston Buddhist Temple on First Avenue.



An early photograph of the Steveston Buddhist Temple on First Avenue. (ca. 1930)



Congregation gathered to celebrate Hamamatsuri on the steps of the Steveston Buddhist Temple after it was raised. (1940)



Young Men's Association on the steps of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (1937)



Members of the Shojokai (Young Ladies Association) on the steps of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (ca. 1935)



Steveston Buddhist Temple Sunday School class. (ca. 1935)



Steveston Buddhist Temple Sunday School teachers. (ca. 1935)



Sunday School students on the steps of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (ca. 1935)



Shojokai members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (ca. 1935)



Members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple Seinkai basketball team. Reverends Katatsu and Mohri seated in front row. (1938)



Badminton Club members with 1937-1938 Championship Cup taken inside the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (1938)



Meeting of the Steveston and Vancouver Buddhist in front of the Vancouver Hompa. (1934)



Steveston Buddhist Temple Sunday School picnic. (1934)



Young members of the Steveston Buddhist Temple enjoying picnic at Stanley Park. (1941)



Steveston Fuji baseball team. (1933)



Reverend Mohri's son dressed in ceremonial clothes. (ca. 1935)

Kimiyo Atode (Murao)









b. Steveston Buddhist Temple on Chatham Street.

Sunday School students dressed for the dedication service of the Chatham Street Temple. (ca. 1955)



Participants of a Steveston Buddhist Temple shibai. From the left: I. Hamade, G. Osaka, K. Sakiyama, H. Hamade, Mr. Okano, S. Uyeyama, N. Domai, T. Miyazaki, M. Hashimoto and A. Tanaka. (ca. 1955)



Sunday School teachers on the steps of the Chatham Street Temple. (1956)



Sunday School teachers on the steps of the Chatham Street Temple. (1955-56)





Sunday School teachers in the Chatham Street Temple. (1957-58)


Sunday School students and teachers on the steps of the Chatham Street Temple. (1956)









Sunday School students and teachers on the steps of the Chatham Street Temple. (ca. 1960)

Sunday School Teacher's Convention in Vancouver. (1955)





Steveston Buddhist Temple Fujinkai members. Front row: from the left; Satsue Akune, Sakie Tanaka, Shisue Hashimoto, Hisae Domai, Sadako Mukai, Mume Sakiyama, Shizuka Akune, Fusako Toyoda and Some Asari. Middle row: Fujie Sameshima, Shizue Miyazaki, Sadame Hamaura, Toyoko Maede, Tsuta Nishi, Yoshie Yamanaka Sumie Yoshida, Chieko Koyama, Chiyoko Hamada and Mitsu Yoshida. Back row: Tsuru Hirota, Yurie Teraguchi, Masako Uyeda, Yaeko Yamamoto, Yoshie Uyeyama, Kikue Osaka, Tsurue Tamaki and Hatsue Hamade.



Tenth Anniversary of the Steveston Bud-dhist Temple Fujinkai. (1962)



Steveston Buddhist Temple square dance members performing on stage. (ca. 1960)

Fourth Annual B.C. Young Buddhist Association and BSSTL convention held in Steveston. (1958)



Steveston Buddhist Temple square dancing members in dress rehersal. (ca. 1960)



Preformers on stage during a shibai at the Steva Theatre. (1955)



Actors in full dress for a shibai performance. (ca. 1955)



Performers dressed to perform a shibai at the Steva Theatre. (1956)



Dancers in kimonos preparing for Obon celebrations. (1960)





Steva Theatre. (1952)

c. Steveston Buddhist Temple on Garry Street.



Garry Street Temple under various stages of construction. (1963)





Mortgage burning ceremony held in the Steveston Buddhist Temple gymnasium. 1965





Photographs of various Steveston Buddhist Temple festivities . (1965)



Participants at the 25<sup>th</sup> Anniversay celebrations of the Steveston Buddhist Temple Women's Auxillary. (November 21, 1977)



Participants at the 23th Annual B.C. Buddhist Convention held at Steveston, B.C. (November 16, 1978)



Congregation assembled for the 60th Anniversary of the Steveston Buddhist Temple. (1988)



Mitts Sakai presenting gift to Gomonshu sama and Urakata sama.



Congregation gathered to welcome His Eminence Monshu Koshin Otani and Lady Noriko on their first official visit to Canada. (1984)







Delegates to the World Buddhist Women's Convention. (1990)



Participants at the 75<sup>th</sup> Anniversay celebrations of the Steveston Buddhist Temple (2003)

*Mr. Atagi (on right), visiting from Japan, is a grandson of Tokumatsu Atagi, one of the founders of the Steveston Buddhist Temple.* 



## STEVESTON BUDDHIST TEMPLE





Steveston Buddhist Temple 80th Aniversary Event. (2008)



Senior members. (2007)















Seniors participating at various Keirokai events.





Steveston Buddhist Temple volunteers in the annual mochitsuki event.











Father's Day Sleepover Picnic, Halloween and Bowling (2009-2011)











Fujinkai members in action preparing food for temple festivities. (ca. 1964)



Steveston Buddhist Temple members selling food at bazaar. (2005/2008/2009)









Takarajima Japanese Playgroup activities (2008-2011)

















Infant Presentation Ceremony (2009 & 2011)

Obon festivities at the Minoru Oval. (1979)

















Steveston Buddhist Temple participants in the Salmon Festival parade. (2008)









Obon festivities at the Steveston Buddhist Temple













750th Shinran Shonin Memorial Celebration at SBT, with Shinmon-Sama and his wife Shin Urakata-Sama leading the service and attending a number of events held in their honour. (Sept, 2010)















Steveston Buddhist Temple 4360 Garry St. Richmond BC www.steveston-temple.ca 604-277-2323

